

# **Michigan Family Independence Agency**

## **KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS**

September, 2001

*Prepared by*

Terry Drum  
Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation Division  
Budget, Analysis and Financial Management Administration  
Michigan Family Independence Agency

Michigan Family Independence Agency  
**KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS**

September, 2001

*Table of Contents*

Introduction.....	ii
Highlights .....	v
Profile of General Demographic Characteristics of Michigan - 1990 and 2000 Census...	1
Total Cash Assistance Caseloads by State .....	4
Estimated Number and Percent of Individuals Receiving Financial Payments .....	5
Number and Percent of Individuals Receiving Public Assistance .....	6
Percent of County Populations Receiving Public Assistance.....	7
Annual Average FIP Caseloads, FIP Recipients, Unemployment Rates .....	9
Family Independence Program, FY 1992 - FY 2002 .....	10
FIP Caseloads, March 1994 vs. June 2001 .....	11
FIP, SDA and Food Stamp Caseload Trends.....	13
FIA Program Trends.....	14
FIP and SDA Average Monthly Caseload Trends/Projections, FY 2000 - FY 2002.....	15
Average Monthly MA-Needy, SSI, Foster Care, Adoption Subsidy, Juvenile Justice, Child Development and Care, Home Help Services and Food Stamp Caseload Projections .....	15
FIP Cases With and Without Earned Income, September 1992 vs. June 2001 .....	16
Census Bureau Poverty Thresholds.....	19
Poverty Income Guidelines for All States and The District of Columbia .....	20
Poverty Trends, U.S. and Michigan, 1980 - 1999 .....	21
Poverty Rates by State, 1990 - 1999 .....	22
County Poverty Rates in 1997.....	24
Percent of Population at Various Poverty Levels - Based on Poverty Thresholds: 1999 U.S. and Michigan .....	26
Percent of Persons Below the Poverty Level in the United States.....	27
Total Annual FIP Grants by Family Size As a Percent of the U.S. Poverty Thresholds .....	28
SDA and SSI Grants as a Percent of Poverty.....	29
Minimum Wage as a Percent of the Poverty Threshold .....	30
Health Insurance Statistics - Low Income Uninsured Children by State .....	31
Selected Characteristics of Persons without Health Insurance .....	32
United States, Michigan and Detroit Population Estimates .....	33

# *Introduction*

*Family Independence Agency – Key Economic Indicators* serves as a source of national, state, and local socioeconomic and FIA program statistics. Summaries of the most recent economic forecasts are included, as well as a wide variety of FIA caseload information, poverty data, national and states' unemployment rates and projections, population estimates, program caseload projections, county public assistance rates, and FIP earned income trends. [Summary comments](#) regarding the data sets are provided beginning on [page v](#), along with page number notations of where the data are located within the text.

This release of Key Economic Indicators marks just over seven consecutive years (78 out of the previous 89 months) that Michigan's FIP caseload has decreased. Over that period, the combined impacts of state and Federal welfare reform, favorable labor market conditions, and decreases in age cohorts most at risk of needing cash assistance, resulted in a 69 percent decrease in Michigan's Family Independence Program caseload (formerly AFDC).

In fact, the average monthly FIP caseload in FY 2001 is projected to be less than 70,000 cases, which will make it the lowest annual caseload in thirty-two years. That is, the lowest caseload since FY 1969, and/or the lowest annual caseload in a generation. Earlier this fiscal year, the November 2000 FIP caseload total was 66,762, the lowest monthly caseload total since February 1970 when it was 66,714.

At 69,000 – 70,000 cases, the FY 2001 caseload will be lower than the FY 2000 average of 72,772, and also lower the caseload of 31 years ago (FY 1970) when it was 70,609. The following page ([page iii](#)) of this introduction provides a summary of public assistance recipient totals and rates, and FIP caseload and recipient rates from FY 1960 through the current year.

As a proportion of the Michigan population, the total number of public assistance recipients in FY 2001 (year-to-date) is 6.2 percent, the lowest rate since these data have been collected. Further, FIP recipients in FY 2001 are just 1.93 percent of the population, the lowest rate since 1967.

Note: Based on national and Michigan economic forecasts (released through August 2001) which called for continued (though slowing) economic growth through calendar year 2003 ([page viii](#)), the Family Independence Agency earlier projected moderate FIP caseload increases through the FY 2003 forecast horizon. **However, the events of September 11, 2001 and their subsequent (and continued) economic impacts will result in changes in the national and Michigan economic outlook, and lead to upward revisions in the projected public assistance levels included in this release. Those changes will be highlighted in subsequent releases of these data.**

**MICHIGAN FAMILY INDEPENDENCE AGENCY**  
Public Assistance Recipients and FIP Recipients as Proportions of the Michigan Population

Fiscal Year	Calendar Year Population	Public Assistance (PA) Recipients*	PA Recipients As Percent of MI Population	Family Independence Program (FIP) Caseload Average	FIP Recipients (Average Monthly Total)	FIP Recipients As Percent of Michigan Population
1960	7,834,000	N/A	N/A	26,580	103,396	1.32%
1961	7,893,000	N/A	N/A	40,136	156,129	1.98%
1962	7,933,000	N/A	N/A	45,310	176,256	2.22%
1963	8,058,000	N/A	N/A	33,301	129,541	1.61%
1964	8,187,000	N/A	N/A	35,067	136,411	1.67%
1965	8,357,000	N/A	N/A	39,722	154,519	1.85%
1966	8,512,000	N/A	N/A	38,328	149,096	1.75%
1967	8,630,000	N/A	N/A	38,477	149,825	1.74%
1968	8,696,000	N/A	N/A	46,637	181,600	2.09%
1969	8,781,000	N/A	N/A	52,408	203,867	2.32%
@ @ 1970	8,881,826	N/A	N/A	70,609	274,944	3.10%
1971	8,974,186	N/A	N/A	108,978	411,560	4.59%
1972	9,028,944	N/A	N/A	148,800	537,288	5.95%
1973	9,077,956	752,203	8.3%	169,049	591,118	6.51%
1974	9,117,507	780,407	8.6%	180,594	614,333	6.74%
@ 1975	9,117,668	899,268	9.9%	192,555	640,852	7.03%
1976	9,129,205	913,938	10.0%	203,985	670,798	7.35%
1977	9,171,110	847,992	9.2%	199,629	646,228	7.05%
1978	9,217,761	793,364	8.6%	194,699	617,089	6.69%
@ 1979	9,266,268	830,804	9.0%	200,097	621,691	6.71%
@ 1980	9,262,078	999,141	10.8%	219,814	679,352	7.33%
@ 1981	9,209,000	1,100,345	11.9%	241,157	752,830	8.17%
@ 1982	9,115,000	1,009,631	11.1%	231,643	726,599	7.97%
1983	9,048,000	1,186,943	13.1%	239,848	750,914	8.30%
1984	9,049,000	1,164,494	12.9%	240,066	743,084	8.21%
1985	9,076,000	1,067,524	11.8%	224,991	689,961	7.60%
1986	9,128,000	1,015,907	11.1%	220,050	672,256	7.36%
1987	9,187,000	978,000	10.6%	214,215	651,487	7.09%
1988	9,218,000	965,000	10.5%	212,949	645,477	7.00%
1989	9,253,000	959,715	10.4%	211,712	639,282	6.91%
@ 1990	9,310,000	970,000	10.4%	217,949	654,552	7.03%
@ 1991	9,395,000	1,025,000	10.9%	227,415	684,791	7.29%
1992	9,470,000	1,002,000	10.6%	225,359	673,502	7.11%
1993	9,529,000	1,032,000	10.8%	229,349	687,428	7.21%
1994	9,584,000	1,015,000	10.6%	223,658	664,914	6.94%
1995	9,660,000	952,000	9.9%	201,336	596,602	6.18%
1996	9,739,000	901,000	9.3%	177,648	526,079	5.40%
1997	9,785,000	823,000	8.4%	151,358	447,946	4.58%
1998	9,820,000	756,000	7.7%	123,392	359,671	3.66%
1999	9,864,000	656,000	6.7%	90,890	256,750	2.60%
2000	9,938,000	589,000	5.9%	72,772	205,600	2.07%
2001 YTD	9,938,000	617,000	6.2%	69,000	191,600	1.93%

<td>popvsfip2.xls(09/10/2001)

\* Recipients of FIP, SDA, State emergency Relief (SER), Food Stamps and Energy Assistance.

@ Recession year.

@@ Mild recession year. Included an automobile industry strike that began in the last quarter and ended in January, 1971.

Note: The 1970-71 recession was mild. The 1975 recession was more severe. The 1979-82 recession was the most severe since the great depression. The 1990-91 recession was mild. There was no recession in the 1960's.

The Family Independence Program (FIP) caseload data highlighted in this report includes official counts through June 2001. However, as this report was going to print the final FIP caseload totals for July and August were also released. In each case they reflected further caseload growth in the FIP program, but remained among the lowest caseload totals since April 1970.

The recent highest FIP caseload total was 226,863 in March 1994. The recent lowest total occurred earlier this fiscal year (November 2000) when the FIP caseload was 66,762 (the lowest total since February 1970 when it was 66,714). The total caseload decrease over that 80-month period (March 1994 – November 2000) was -160,101 (-70.6 percent). A summary of specific FIP and other program and economic trend highlights follows.

## *Highlights*

### **INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING FINANCIAL PAYMENTS, AND INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING PUBLIC ASSISTANCE**

- Data from the 2000 Census began being released in April of this year. While it will be several more years before all of the data are available (particularly local area income and poverty profiles) population and states' demographic data have already been published. Pages 1-3 summarize Michigan's comparative demographic changes between 1990 and 2000, with [page 1](#) showing a side-by-side comparison of population changes over the previous 10 years, and [pages 2 and 3](#) reflecting the specific population profile for 1990 and 2000. Michigan's population grew 6.9 percent over the last decade. ([Pages 1-3](#))
- From January 1993 through September 2000 (the most recent period for which comparative states' data are published), national and states' TANF/FIP caseloads decreased significantly. The national caseload decreased by 56 percent during that period, while the Michigan decrease was significantly higher at 70 percent. Of states that began the January 1993 comparative period with caseloads higher than 100,000 cases, only Florida achieved a higher proportional decrease than Michigan. In November 2000, Michigan achieved the lowest monthly caseload (66,762) since February 1970. As compared to the January 1993 federal benchmark, Michigan's November 2000 caseload was 71 percent lower. ([Page 4](#))
- Current payment activities remain among the lowest since 1980, representing just 11.2 percent of the population in FY 2000. Note: This category includes MA-Only eligibles and SSI recipients, as well as Family Independence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA), State Emergency Relief (SER), and Food Stamps. The category referred to in the next item (Individuals Receiving Public Assistance) excludes SSI and MA-Only eligibles. ([Page 5](#))
- The number and percent of Michigan individuals receiving benefits from one or more public assistance programs (FIP, SDA, SER and/or Food Stamps) averaged 5.9 percent of the population in FY 2000, and as of June 2001 remained at just 6.6 percent. ([Page 6](#))
- The data on pages 7 and 8 reflect county specific public assistance activity. June 2001 public assistance rates are compared to those of March 1994. Whereas the statewide rate of public assistance was 10.8 percent in March 1994, by June 2001 the rate remained among the lowest on record at 6.6 percent. ([Pages 7 and 8](#))

## CASELOAD TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS

- Annual average FIP caseload trends since FY 1960 are summarized on page 9. The summary data clearly show that Michigan is experiencing its lowest caseload levels since FY 1969. Also of note are the accompanying data which indicate the years in which economic recessions occurred and the associated Michigan unemployment rates. Also shown are annual average counts of the number of unduplicated recipients of public assistance. [\(Page 9\)](#)
- The graph on page 10 summarizes Michigan's actual and projected FIP caseloads from FY 1992 through FY 2002. [\(Page 10\)](#)
- As of June 2001, Michigan's FIP caseload had decreased in 78 out of the previous 87 months (March 1994 – June 2001). A number of counties experienced decreases substantially higher than the statewide average decrease of 69.2 percent, including Wayne County where the caseload drop was 70.4 percent. The data on pages 11-12 summarize statewide and county trends through June 2001 (the last month for which county specific data were available). [\(Pages 11-12\)](#)
- Statewide, Wayne County and outstate FIP caseload trends (March 1994 – June 2001) are reflected on page thirteen. Also shown for that period are Food Stamp caseload trends. Corresponding to FIP decreases, the Public Assistance (PA) Food Stamp caseload dropped by almost 72 percent, while the total caseload (PA and Non-PA caseload) dropped by almost 32 percent. [\(Page 13\)](#)
- FIA public assistance and FIA services program trends and projections (*i.e.*, caseload trends) are shown on pages fourteen and fifteen. While the FIP caseload is projected to moderately increase, the annual averages will remain at or near FY 1970 levels. [\(Pages 14-15\)](#)

## U.S. AND MICHIGAN ECONOMIC OUTLOOK SUMMARY

### Economic Indicators / Projections CY 2000, CY 2001, CY 2002 and CY 2003

Economic Variable	CY 2000 <i>Actual</i>		CY 2001 <i>Projected</i>		CY 2002 <i>Projected</i>		CY 2003 <i>Projected</i>	
	U.S.	Michigan	U.S.	Michigan	U.S.	Michigan	U.S.	Michigan
Real GDP FORECAST	4.1%	N/A	1.6%	N/A	2.4%	N/A	3.0%	N/A
Consumer Price Index (U.S. and Detroit CPI-U) FORECAST	3.4%	3.6%	3.0%	3.1%	2.0%	2.6%	2.9%	2.8%
Unemployment Rate FORECAST	4.0%	3.6%	4.6%	4.8%	5.0%	5.3%	5.0%	4.9%
Personal Income Growth FORECAST	N/A	5.4%	N/A	2.2%	N/A	4.0%	N/A	5.2%

*Forecasts of the U.S. and Michigan economies are those of the Research Seminar in Quantitative Economics (RSQE), of the University of Michigan, (August 15, 2001 – U.S. Forecast; and September 4, 2001 Michigan Forecast).*

- As shown on the preceding page, the U.S. and Michigan economies are projected to continue to grow with Michigan unemployment rates only one-tenth of a percent higher than the U.S. rate by 2003. Prior to 2001, Michigan's unemployment rate had been below the U.S. average rate for a record eight consecutive years. Michigan and other states' unemployment trends are shown on the following page. ([Page viii](#))
- Reflecting continued strong labor market conditions, the data on pages 16 through 18 compare FIP earned income trends (September 1992 vs. June 2001). The county specific data will be of interest to a wide audience as will the statewide trends reflected at the bottom of page eighteen. As of June 2001, only 65,167 point-in-time FIP cases remained. ([Pages 16-18](#))

## **POVERTY TRENDS AND POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES**

- Note: Families and individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level based solely on money income. The Federal definition does not include non-cash benefits such as food stamps, Medicaid and public housing. The definition is based on the U.S. Department of Agriculture's 1961 Economy Food Plan and reflects the different consumption requirements of families based on their size and composition.
- Poverty Thresholds are computed annually by the Census Bureau as a means of counting the low-income population. These official thresholds are the same for all states and are used for statistical purposes only. They provide the basis for all other poverty levels developed or used by the Federal government including the administrative Poverty Income Guidelines. Poverty Thresholds are used by FIA and others for determining the number of people at or below poverty and for presenting data that classify low-income people by type of residence, race, and other social, economic and demographic characteristics. ([Page 19](#))
- The Federal Poverty Income Guidelines developed each year by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) are a simplified version of the Census Bureau's official Poverty Thresholds. They are rounded versions of the average weighted Poverty Thresholds adjusted to provide equal dollar differences between each family size. Developed and subsequently published each February in the Federal Register by HHS, the poverty income guidelines are used for administrative purposes such as determining whether a person is financially eligible for assistance or services under a particular program. ([Page 20](#))
- As the receipt of public assistance fell in the United States between 1993 and 1998, the poverty rate for all individuals also fell from 15.1 percent in 1993 to 12.7 percent in 1998. It dropped even further in 1999 to 11.8 percent, the lowest since 1979. As Michigan's public assistance population fell from 1994 through the current fiscal year (*i.e.*, the FY 2001 FIP caseload will be at its lowest level in 32 years), the poverty rate also dramatically decreased. ([Page 21](#))



# ANNUAL AVERAGE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FOR EACH STATE AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
<b>U.S. AVERAGE</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>4.6*</b>
1 Alabama	6.0	6.3	5.1	5.1	4.2	4.8	4.6	
2 Alaska	8.0	7.3	7.8	7.9	5.8	6.4	6.6	
3 Arizona	6.4	5.1	5.5	4.6	4.1	4.4	3.9	
4 Arkansas	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.3	5.5	4.5	4.4	
5 California	8.6	7.8	7.2	6.3	5.9	5.2	4.9	
6 Colorado	4.2	4.2	4.2	3.3	3.8	2.9	2.7	
7 Connecticut	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.1	3.4	3.2	2.3	
8 Delaware	4.9	4.3	4.6	4.0	3.8	3.5	4.0	
9 D.C.	8.2	8.9	8.5	7.9	8.8	6.3	5.8	
10 Florida	6.6	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.3	3.9	3.6	
11 Georgia	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.7	
12 Hawaii	6.1	5.9	6.4	6.4	6.2	5.6	4.3	
13 Idaho	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.2	4.9	
14 Illinois	5.7	5.2	5.3	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.4	
15 Indiana	4.9	4.7	4.1	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.2	
16 Iowa	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.6	
17 Kansas	5.3	4.4	4.5	3.8	3.8	3.0	3.7	
18 Kentucky	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	4.6	4.5	4.1	
19 Louisiana	8.0	6.9	6.7	6.1	5.7	5.1	5.5	
20 Maine	7.4	5.7	5.1	5.4	4.4	4.1	3.5	
21 Maryland	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.1	4.6	3.5	3.9	
22 Massachusetts	6.0	5.4	4.3	4.0	3.3	3.2	2.6	
23 MICHIGAN	<b>5.9</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.8*</b>
24 Minnesota	4.0	3.7	4.0	3.3	2.5	2.8	3.3	
25 Mississippi	6.6	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.4	5.1	5.7	
26 Missouri	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.2	4.2	3.4	3.5	
27 Montana	5.1	5.9	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.2	4.9	
28 Nebraska	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	
29 Nevada	6.2	5.4	5.4	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.1	
30 New Hampshire	4.6	4.0	4.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.8	
31 New Jersey	6.8	6.4	6.2	5.1	4.6	4.6	3.8	
32 New Mexico	6.3	6.3	8.1	6.2	6.2	5.6	4.9	
33 New York	6.9	6.3	6.2	6.4	5.6	5.2	4.6	
34 North Carolina	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.6	3.5	3.2	3.6	
35 North Dakota	3.9	3.3	3.1	2.5	3.2	3.4	3.0	
36 Ohio	5.5	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.1	
37 Oklahoma	5.8	4.7	4.1	4.1	4.5	3.4	3.0	
38 Oregon	5.4	4.8	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.7	4.9	
39 Pennsylvania	6.2	5.9	5.3	5.2	4.6	4.4	4.2	
40 Rhode Island	7.1	7.0	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.1	4.1	
41 South Carolina	6.3	5.1	6.0	3.8	3.3	4.5	3.9	
42 South Dakota	3.3	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.3	
43 Tennessee	4.8	5.2	5.2	5.4	4.2	4.0	3.9	
44 Texas	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.4	4.8	4.6	4.2	
45 Utah	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.8	3.7	3.2	
46 Vermont	4.7	4.2	4.6	4.0	3.4	3.0	2.9	
47 Virginia	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.0	2.9	2.8	2.2	
48 Washington	6.4	6.4	6.5	4.8	4.8	4.7	5.2	
49 West Virginia	8.9	7.9	7.5	6.9	6.6	6.6	5.5	
50 Wisconsin	4.7	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.5	
51 Wyoming	5.3	4.8	5.0	5.1	4.8	4.9	3.95	

\* Projected. U.S. and Michigan rates are RSQE projections as of March 2000.

- Michigan's 1993 poverty rate for all individuals was 15.4 percent, the highest since the post-recession year of 1984 when the rate was 16.7 percent. 1984 was also the year in which Michigan experienced its highest ever average monthly AFDC caseload which was 240,066. [\(Page 21\)](#)
- By 1998, the poverty rate for all persons in Michigan had dropped to 11.0 percent, which was just slightly higher than the 1979 rate of 10.4 percent, and well below the national rate of 12.7 percent recorded for 1998. [\(Page 21\)](#)
- Most recently, Michigan's 1999 poverty rate fell to 9.7 percent, well below the 1979 rate of 10.4 percent. Prior to 1979, states' annual poverty rates were not calculated by the Census Bureau, so FIA is not able to specifically compare the 1999 rate to the years between 1969 and 1979. However, the 1999 rate of 9.7 percent was just slightly higher than the 1969 (*i.e.*, 1970 Census Figure based on 1969 income) rate of 9.4 percent. [\(Page 21\)](#)
- An alternative poverty rate formula and estimated poverty rates for states and counties was released by the Census Bureau for calendar years 1993, 1995, 1996 and 1997. The rates (summarized on page 21) were derived via the "Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates Program - SAIPE" a new program to provide estimates of income and poverty for states and counties between decennial censuses. Each year billions of government dollars are targeted to states and communities based on their economic profiles as described by the last census. Therefore, the more current estimates of income and poverty may improve the administration of public programs and the allocation of Federal and state funds to local jurisdictions. The choice for decision makers is between using the more statistically precise but outdated 1990 census results, or the less statistically precise "current estimates." [\(Pages 21\)](#)
- Based on three-year moving-average poverty rates (calculated by the Census Bureau), Michigan's poverty rate (1997-1999) was 10.3 percent, which was the 16th best in the nation and well below the national average rate for that period (12.6 percent). In the Midwest region, Michigan's rate of 10.3 percent was slightly better than the Illinois rate of 10.4 percent, and the Ohio rate of 11.4 percent. [\(Pages 22 and 23\)](#)
- Using published county specific SAIPE poverty estimates provided by the Census Bureau, pages 24 and 25 summarize estimates of the number of people and of children (less than 18 years-of-age) that were in poverty in 1997, the last year for which county specific poverty data are available. Note: County based poverty data from the 2000 Census have not yet been published. [\(Pages 24 and 25\)](#)
- The ratio of family income to poverty in the United States in 1999 is shown on page 26. Estimated comparable rates for Michigan (developed by FIA in its annual release of the "Michigan Poverty Profile") are shown on the same page. [\(Page 26\)](#)

- 1999 is the most recent year for which poverty rates have been estimated. A broad summary of poverty trends for all persons, by race, for children, for people 65 and older, and for persons living in the Midwest is shown on page 27. While poverty rates in each category have decreased since 1989, the rates remain very high. For example, it remains the case that nearly 1 in 5 children remain in poverty in the U.S. and the rate nears almost 1 in 4 (for people of color). [\(Page 27\)](#)
- The value of FIP, SDA and SSI grant amounts (with and without Food Stamp benefits) as compared to the poverty level are summarized on pages 28-30. Also shown is the value of the minimum wage when compared to the poverty level. [\(Pages 28-30\)](#)

## **HEALTH INSURANCE STATISTICS**

- When considering the number and percent of children under 19 years-of-age at or below 200 percent of poverty (three-year average rates for 1997, 1998 and 1999), the Census Bureau found that Michigan had the 14th lowest rate of uninsured medical coverages for that group at 5.5 percent. The rates for all people in the United States by race and gender were also developed for 1999. [\(Pages 31-32\)](#)

## **POPULATION TRENDS**

- Historical and recent population estimates for the United States, Michigan and Detroit are often requested. The most recent data are summarized on [page 33](#).

## Profile of General Demographic Characteristics of Michigan: Census 1990 vs. Census 2000

Variable	Profile	1990		2000		Change 1990-2000		
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
<b>TOTAL POPULATION</b>		9,295,297	100.0%	9,938,444	100.0%	643,147	6.9%	
<b>GENDER</b>	Male	4,512,781	48.5%	4,873,095	49.0%	360,314	8.0%	
	Female	4,782,516	51.5%	5,065,349	51.0%	282,833	5.9%	
	TOTAL	9,295,297	100.0%	9,938,444	100.0%	643,147	6.9%	
<b>AGE</b>	Under 5 years	702,554	7.6%	672,005	6.8%	-30,549	-4.3%	
	5 to 9 years	692,247	7.4%	745,181	7.5%	52,934	7.6%	
	10 to 14 years	666,370	7.2%	747,012	7.5%	80,642	12.1%	
	15 to 19 years	696,803	7.5%	719,867	7.2%	23,064	3.3%	
	20 to 24 years	705,318	7.6%	643,839	6.5%	-61,479	-8.7%	
	25 to 34 years	1,574,553	16.9%	1,362,171	13.7%	-212,382	-13.5%	
	35 to 44 years	1,406,149	15.1%	1,598,373	16.1%	192,224	13.7%	
	45 to 54 years	948,119	10.2%	1,367,939	13.8%	419,820	44.3%	
	55 to 59 years	392,787	4.2%	485,895	4.9%	93,108	23.7%	
	60 to 64 years	401,936	4.3%	377,144	3.8%	-24,792	-6.2%	
	65 to 74 years	655,838	7.1%	642,880	6.5%	-12,958	-2.0%	
	75 to 84 years	345,716	3.7%	433,678	4.4%	87,962	25.4%	
	85 years and over	106,907	1.2%	142,460	1.4%	35,553	33.3%	
	TOTAL	9,295,297	100.0%	9,938,444	100.0%	643,147	6.9%	
<b>MEDIAN AGE (Years)</b>		32.6	(X)	36	(X)	3	(X)	
<b>RACE*</b>	One Race	9,295,297	100.0%	9,746,028	98.1%	450,731	4.8%	
	White	7,756,086	83.4%	7,966,053	80.2%	209,967	2.7%	
	Black or African American	1,291,706	13.9%	1,412,742	14.2%	121,036	9.4%	
	American Indian and Alaska native	55,638	0.6%	58,479	0.6%	2,841	5.1%	
	Asian	103,501	1.1%	176,510	1.8%	73,009	70.5%	
	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	1,482	0.0%	2,692	0.0%	1,210	81.6%	
	Some Other Race	86,884	0.9%	129,552	1.3%	42,668	49.1%	
	Two or more races	N/A	N/A	192,416	1.9%	N/A	N/A	
	TOTAL	9,295,297	100.0%	9,938,444	100.0%	643,147	6.9%	
	Hispanic or Latino	201,596	2.2%	323,877	3.3%	122,281	60.7%	
	Not Hispanic or Latino	9,093,701	97.8%	9,614,567	96.8%	520,866	5.7%	
	TOTAL	9,295,297	100.0%	9,938,444	100.0%	643,147	6.9%	
	<b>HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE</b>							
		Total Households	3,419,331	90.3%	3,785,661	100.0%	366,330	10.7%
	Family Households	2,439,171	64.4%	2,575,699	68.0%	136,528	5.6%	
	With own children under 18 years	1,192,327	31.5%	1,236,713	32.7%	44,386	3.7%	
	Married-couple family	1,883,143	49.7%	1,947,710	51.4%	64,567	3.4%	
	With own children under 18 years	874,878	23.1%	873,227	23.1%	-1,651	-0.2%	
	Female householder, no husband present	442,239	11.7%	473,802	12.5%	31,563	7.1%	
	With own children under 18 years	267,681	7.1%	283,758	7.5%	16,077	6.0%	
	Nonfamily Households	980,160	25.9%	1,209,962	32.0%	229,802	23.4%	
	Householder living alone	809,449	21.4%	993,607	26.2%	184,158	22.8%	
	Householder 65 years and over	317,659	8.4%	355,414	9.4%	37,755	11.9%	
	Households with Individuals <18 years	1,283,274	33.9%	1,347,469	35.6%	64,195	5.0%	
	Households with individuals 65 years and over	788,901	20.8%	862,730	22.8%	73,829	9.4%	
	Average household size	2.66	(X)	3	(X)	0	(X)	
	Average family size	3.16	(X)	3	(X)	0	(X)	

\* Census 2000 terminology and categories are used for data on race. Because individuals could report only one race in the 1990 census and could report one or more races in Census 2000, data on race for 1990 and 2000 are not comparable.

<td>demoprofile.xls (9/10/01)

## Profile of General Demographic Characteristics for Michigan: 1990

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,295,297</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE <sup>2</sup></b>		
<b>SEX AND AGE</b>			<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,295,297</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Male.....	4,512,781	48.5	Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	201,596	2.2
Female.....	4,782,516	51.5	Mexican.....	138,312	1.5
Under 5 years.....	702,554	7.6	Puerto Rican.....	18,538	0.2
5 to 9 years.....	692,247	7.4	Cuban.....	5,157	0.1
10 to 14 years.....	666,370	7.2	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	39,589	0.4
15 to 19 years.....	696,803	7.5	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	9,093,701	97.8
20 to 24 years.....	705,318	7.6	White.....	7,649,951	82.3
25 to 34 years.....	1,574,553	16.9	<b>RELATIONSHIP</b>		
35 to 44 years.....	1,406,149	15.1	<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,295,297</b>	<b>100.0</b>
45 to 54 years.....	948,119	10.2	In households.....	9,083,605	97.7
55 to 59 years.....	392,787	4.2	Householder.....	3,419,331	36.8
60 to 64 years.....	401,936	4.3	Spouse.....	1,883,143	20.3
65 to 74 years.....	655,838	7.1	Child.....	3,030,329	32.6
75 to 84 years.....	345,716	3.7	Own child under 18 years.....	2,256,095	24.3
85 years and over.....	106,907	1.2	Other relatives.....	365,584	3.9
Median age (years).....	32.6	(X)	Under 18 years.....	148,670	1.6
18 years and over.....	6,836,532	73.5	Nonrelatives.....	385,218	4.1
Male.....	3,254,450	35.0	Unmarried partner <sup>3</sup> .....	124,089	1.3
Female.....	3,582,082	38.5	In group quarters.....	211,692	2.3
21 years and over.....	6,386,566	68.7	Institutionalized population.....	112,903	1.2
62 years and over.....	1,350,376	14.5	Noninstitutionalized population.....	98,789	1.1
65 years and over.....	1,108,461	11.9	<b>HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE</b>		
Male.....	446,930	4.8	<b>Total households.....</b>	<b>3,419,331</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Female.....	661,531	7.1	Family households (families).....	2,439,171	71.3
<b>RACE <sup>1</sup></b>			With own children under 18 years.....	1,192,327	34.9
One race <sup>1</sup> .....	9,295,297	100.0	Married-couple family.....	1,883,143	55.1
White.....	7,756,086	83.4	With own children under 18 years.....	874,878	25.6
Black or African American.....	1,291,706	13.9	Female householder, no husband present.....	442,239	12.9
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	55,638	0.6	With own children under 18 years.....	267,681	7.8
Asian.....	103,501	1.1	Nonfamily households.....	980,160	28.7
Asian Indian.....	23,845	0.3	Householder living alone.....	809,449	23.7
Chinese.....	19,145	0.2	Householder 65 years and over.....	317,659	9.3
Filipino.....	13,786	0.1	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	1,283,274	37.5
Japanese.....	10,681	0.1	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	788,901	23.1
Korean.....	16,316	0.2	Average household size.....	2.66	(X)
Vietnamese.....	6,117	0.1	Average family size.....	3.16	(X)
Other Asian.....	13,611	0.1	<b>HOUSING OCCUPANCY</b>		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Island.....	1,482	-	<b>Total housing units.....</b>	<b>3,847,926</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Native Hawaiian.....	787	-	Occupied housing units.....	3,419,331	88.9
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	283	-	Vacant housing units.....	428,595	11.1
Samoan.....	191	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	223,549	5.8
Other Pacific Islander.....	221	-	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	1.3	(X)
Some other race.....	86,884	0.9	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	7.2	(X)
Two or more races <sup>1</sup> .....	(NA)	(NA)	<b>HOUSING TENURE</b>		
<b>Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: <sup>1</sup></b>			<b>Occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>3,419,331</b>	<b>100.0</b>
White.....	(NA)	(NA)	Owner-occupied housing units.....	2,427,643	71.0
Black or African American.....	(NA)	(NA)	Renter-occupied housing units.....	991,688	29.0
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	(NA)	(NA)	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	2.80	(X)
Asian.....	(NA)	(NA)	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	2.31	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	(NA)	(NA)			
Some other race.....	(NA)	(NA)			

<sup>1</sup> Census 2000 terminology and categories are used for data on race. Because individuals could report only one race in the 1990 census and could report one or more races in Census 2000, data on race for 1990 and 2000 are not comparable. See "Population by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin for the United States: 1990 to 2000," (PHC-T-1). At <www.census.gov>, select Population Tables/Reports, then select List of Tables

<sup>2</sup> Census 2000 terminology is used for ethnic categories. The corresponding term for "Hispanic or Latino" in the 1990 census was "Hispanic origin."

<sup>3</sup> Sample data on unmarried-partner households, as shown in U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population, Social and Economic Characteristics (1990 CP-2), report series published 1993-1994.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population, General Population Characteristics (1990 CP-1), and 1990 Census of Housing, General Housing Characteristics (1990 CH-1), report series published 1992-1993; and Summary Tape File (STF) 1A, series released 1991

# Economic Indicators

## Profile of General Demographic Characteristics for Michigan: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <http://www.census.gov/prod/www/abs/decenial.htm>]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,938,444</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE</b>		
<b>SEX AND AGE</b>			<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,938,444</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Male.....	4,873,095	49.0	Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	323,877	3.3
Female.....	5,065,349	51.0	Mexican.....	220,769	2.2
			Puerto Rican.....	26,941	0.3
Under 5 years.....	672,005	6.8	Cuban.....	7,219	0.1
5 to 9 years.....	745,181	7.5	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	68,948	0.7
10 to 14 years.....	747,012	7.5	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	9,614,567	96.7
15 to 19 years.....	719,867	7.2	White alone.....	7,806,691	78.6
20 to 24 years.....	643,839	6.5			
25 to 34 years.....	1,362,171	13.7	<b>RELATIONSHIP</b>		
35 to 44 years.....	1,598,373	16.1	<b>Total population.....</b>	<b>9,938,444</b>	<b>100.0</b>
45 to 54 years.....	1,367,939	13.8	In households.....	9,688,555	97.5
55 to 59 years.....	485,895	4.9	Householder.....	3,785,661	38.1
60 to 64 years.....	377,144	3.8	Spouse.....	1,947,710	19.6
65 to 74 years.....	642,880	6.5	Child.....	3,037,440	30.6
75 to 84 years.....	433,678	4.4	Own child under 18 years.....	2,347,192	23.6
85 years and over.....	142,460	1.4	Other relatives.....	432,980	4.4
			Under 18 years.....	183,621	1.8
Median age (years).....	35.5	(X)	Nonrelatives.....	484,764	4.9
			Unmarried partner.....	202,220	2.0
18 years and over.....	7,342,677	73.9	In group quarters.....	249,889	2.5
Male.....	3,541,373	35.6	Institutionalized population.....	126,132	1.3
Female.....	3,801,304	38.2	Noninstitutionalized population.....	123,757	1.2
21 years and over.....	6,914,135	69.6			
62 years and over.....	1,436,729	14.5	<b>HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE</b>		
65 years and over.....	1,219,018	12.3	<b>Total households.....</b>	<b>3,785,661</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Male.....	500,959	5.0	Family households (families).....	2,575,699	68.0
Female.....	718,059	7.2	With own children under 18 years.....	1,236,713	32.7
			Married-couple family.....	1,947,710	51.4
<b>RACE</b>			With own children under 18 years.....	873,227	23.1
One race.....	9,746,028	98.1	Female householder, no husband present	473,802	12.5
White.....	7,966,053	80.2	With own children under 18 years.....	283,758	7.5
Black or African American.....	1,412,742	14.2	Nonfamily households.....	1,209,962	32.0
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	58,479	0.6	Householder living alone.....	993,607	26.2
Asian.....	176,510	1.8	Householder 65 years and over.....	355,414	9.4
Asian Indian.....	54,631	0.5			
Chinese.....	33,189	0.3	Households with individuals under 18 years...	1,347,469	35.6
Filipino.....	17,377	0.2	Households with individuals 65 years and ove	862,730	22.8
Japanese.....	11,288	0.1			
Korean.....	20,886	0.2	Average household size.....	2.56	(X)
Vietnamese.....	13,673	0.1	Average family size.....	3.10	(X)
Other Asian <sup>1</sup> .....	25,466	0.3			
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	2,692	-	<b>HOUSING OCCUPANCY</b>		
Native Hawaiian.....	734	-	<b>Total housing units.....</b>	<b>4,234,279</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	622	-	Occupied housing units.....	3,785,661	89.4
Samoan.....	505	-	Vacant housing units.....	448,618	10.6
Other Pacific Islander <sup>2</sup> .....	831	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional u	233,922	5.5
Some other race.....	129,552	1.3			
Two or more races.....	192,416	1.9	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	1.6	(X)
			Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	6.8	(X)
<b>Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: <sup>3</sup></b>			<b>HOUSING TENURE</b>		
White.....	8,133,283	81.8	<b>Occupied housing units.....</b>	<b>3,785,661</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Black or African American.....	1,474,613	14.8	Owner-occupied housing units.....	2,793,124	73.8
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	124,412	1.3	Renter-occupied housing units.....	992,537	26.2
Asian.....	208,329	2.1			
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander....	7,276	0.1	Average household size of owner-occupied un	2.67	(X)
Some other race.....	195,724	2.0	Average household size of renter-occupied un	2.24	(X)

<sup>1</sup> Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

<sup>2</sup> Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

<sup>3</sup> In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The following six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

<td>Census2000.xls 09-10-01

**TOTAL CASH ASSISTANCE CASELOADS BY STATE**  
**January 1993 vs. September 2000, November 2000 and June 2001 (Michigan)**

	January 1993	September 2000	November 2000*	June 2001**	Percent Change (1/93 - 9/00)***	Percent Change (1/93 - 11/00)
United States	4,899,415	2,152,283	N/A	N/A	-56%	N/A
Alabama	51,910	18,593	N/A	N/A	-64%	N/A
Alaska	11,626	6,720	N/A	N/A	-42%	N/A
Arizona	68,982	34,940	N/A	N/A	-49%	N/A
Arkansas	26,897	12,150	N/A	N/A	-55%	N/A
California	844,494	486,780	N/A	N/A	-42%	N/A
Colorado	42,445	10,547	N/A	N/A	-75%	N/A
Connecticut	56,759	26,691	N/A	N/A	-53%	N/A
Delaware	11,315	5,768	N/A	N/A	-49%	N/A
Florida	256,145	62,755	N/A	N/A	-76%	N/A
Georgia	142,040	51,592	N/A	N/A	-64%	N/A
Hawaii	17,869	14,535	N/A	N/A	-19%	N/A
Idaho	7,838	1,278	N/A	N/A	-84%	N/A
<b>ILLINOIS</b>	<b>229,308</b>	<b>75,147</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>-67%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
<b>INDIANA</b>	<b>73,115</b>	<b>37,788</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>-48%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Iowa	36,515	13,761	N/A	N/A	-62%	N/A
Kansas	29,818	12,713	N/A	N/A	-57%	N/A
Kentucky	83,320	37,249	N/A	N/A	-55%	N/A
Louisiana	89,931	26,422	N/A	N/A	-71%	N/A
Maine	23,903	10,127	N/A	N/A	-58%	N/A
Maryland	80,256	29,101	N/A	N/A	-64%	N/A
Massachusetts	113,571	43,125	N/A	N/A	68%	N/A
<b>MICHIGAN*</b>	<b>228,171</b>	<b>67,840</b>	<b>66,762</b>	<b>69,820</b>	<b>-70%</b>	<b>-71%</b>
<b>MINNESOTA</b>	<b>63,995</b>	<b>39,005</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>-39%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Mississippi	60,520	15,492	N/A	N/A	-74%	N/A
Missouri	88,744	46,776	N/A	N/A	-47%	N/A
Montana	11,793	4,406	N/A	N/A	-63%	N/A
Nebraska	16,637	10,180	N/A	N/A	-39%	N/A
Nevada	12,892	6,473	N/A	N/A	-50%	N/A
New Hampshire	10,805	5,738	N/A	N/A	-47%	N/A
New Jersey	126,179	47,731	N/A	N/A	-62%	N/A
New Mexico	31,103	22,461	N/A	N/A	-28%	N/A
New York	428,191	242,486	N/A	N/A	-43%	N/A
North Carolina	128,946	44,267	N/A	N/A	-66%	N/A
North Dakota	6,577	2,928	N/A	N/A	-55%	N/A
<b>OHIO</b>	<b>257,665</b>	<b>91,654</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>-64%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Oklahoma	50,955	13,515	N/A	N/A	-73%	N/A
Oregon	42,409	15,798	N/A	N/A	-63%	N/A
Pennsylvania	204,216	86,962	N/A	N/A	-57%	N/A
Rhode Island	21,900	15,918	N/A	N/A	-27%	N/A
South Carolina	54,599	15,937	N/A	N/A	-71%	N/A
South Dakota	7,262	2,757	N/A	N/A	-62%	N/A
Tennessee	112,159	57,581	N/A	N/A	-49%	N/A
Texas	279,002	133,294	N/A	N/A	-52%	N/A
Utah	18,606	8,473	N/A	N/A	-54%	N/A
Vermont	10,081	5,818	N/A	N/A	-42%	N/A
Virginia	73,446	29,939	N/A	N/A	-59%	N/A
Washington	100,568	53,759	N/A	N/A	-47%	N/A
Washington, D.C.	24,628	16,819	N/A	N/A	-32%	N/A
West Virginia	41,525	12,781	N/A	N/A	-69%	N/A
<b>WISCONSIN</b>	<b>81,291</b>	<b>17,185</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>-79%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Wyoming	6,493	528	N/A	N/A	-92%	N/A

\* The November 2000 caseload total of 66,762 was the lowest since February 1970 when it was 66,714.

\*\* The June 2001 caseload was among the lowest since the February - March totals of FY 1970.

\*\*\* In the most recent periods for which comparative states' data are available, Michigan (along with Florida) led the nation with caseload decreases of 70% or greater. I.e. among those states that began the January 1993 - September 2000 period with caseloads exceeding 200,000.

## ESTIMATED NUMBER AND PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING FINANCIAL PAYMENTS\*

Family Independence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA)  
State Emergency Relief (SER), Food Stamps (FS)  
Supplementary Security Assistance (SSI), and Medicaid Only

FISCAL YEAR	MICHIGAN POPULATION**	INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING PAYMENTS	PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION
1980	9,256,000	1,200,000	13.0%
1981	9,209,000	1,300,000	14.1%
1982	9,115,000	1,300,000	14.3%
1983	9,048,000	1,400,000	15.5%
1984	9,049,000	1,400,000	15.5%
1985	9,076,000	1,300,000	14.3%
1986	9,128,000	1,225,000	13.4%
1987	9,187,000	1,200,000	13.1%
1988	9,218,000	1,200,000	13.0%
1989	9,253,000	1,200,000	13.0%
1990	9,310,000	1,200,000	12.9%
1991	9,395,000	1,300,000	13.8%
1992	9,470,000	1,225,000	12.9%
1993	9,529,000	1,275,000	13.4%
1994	9,584,000	1,290,000	13.5%
1995	9,660,000	1,261,000	13.1%
1996	9,739,000	1,228,000	12.6%
1997	9,785,000	1,171,000	12.0%
1998	9,820,000	1,158,000	11.8%
1999	9,864,000	1,119,000	11.3%
2000	9,938,444	1,118,000	11.2%

\* The GA program was eliminated in FY 1992. Funding for disabled adults was continued under the State Disability Assistance Program (SDA). Assistance for Families was continued under the State Family Assistance Program (SFA). The SFA program was combined with the FIP program effective FY 1997.

\*\* 2000 is the most recent year for which there is a Michigan population figure.

Note: The Michigan 2000 Census population total was released by the Census Bureau on May 23, 2001.

[drum]undup2.xls/9-11-01



## NUMBER AND PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING PUBLIC ASSISTANCE\*

Family Independence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA)  
State Emergency Relief (SER), Food Stamps (FS)

FISCAL YEAR	MICHIGAN POPULATION**	INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING FIP, SDA, SER and/or FS	PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION
1980	9,256,000	999,000	10.8%
1981	9,209,000	1,100,000	11.9%
1982	9,115,000	1,110,000	12.2%
1983	9,048,000	1,187,000	13.1%
1984	9,049,000	1,164,000	12.9%
1985	9,076,000	1,067,000	11.8%
1986	9,128,000	1,016,000	11.1%
1987	9,187,000	978,000	10.6%
1988	9,218,000	965,000	10.5%
1989	9,253,000	960,000	10.4%
1990	9,310,000	970,000	10.4%
1991	9,395,000	1,025,000	10.9%
1992	9,470,000	1,002,000	10.6%
1993	9,529,000	1,032,000	10.8%
1994	9,584,000	1,015,000	10.6%
1995	9,660,000	952,000	9.9%
1996	9,739,000	901,000	9.3%
1997	9,785,000	823,000	8.4%
1998	9,820,000	756,000	7.7%
1999	9,864,000	656,000	6.7%
2000	9,938,444	589,000	5.9%

\* The GA program was eliminated in FY 1992. Funding for disabled adults was continued under the State Disability Assistance Program (SDA). Assistance for Families was continued under the State Family Assistance Program (SFA). The SFA program was combined with the FIP program effective FY 1997.

\*\* 2000 is the most recent year for which there is a Michigan population figure.

Note: The Michigan 2000 Census population total was released by the Census Bureau on May 23, 2001.

[drum]undup3.xls / 09-11-01

# Percent of County Populations Receiving Public Assistance March 1994 vs. June 2001

	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, MARCH 1994			PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, JUNE 2001		
	POPULATION JULY, 1994	NUMBER OF PA RECIPIENTS* MARCH, 1994	% OF 3/94 POPULATION RECEIVING ASSISTANCE	Census 2000 Population	NUMBER OF PA RECIPIENTS** JUNE, 2001	% OF 6/01 POPULATION RECEIVING ASSISTANCE
<b>MICHIGAN</b>	<b>9,579,853</b>	<b>1,035,111</b>	<b>10.8%</b>	<b>9,938,444</b>	<b>655,949</b>	<b>6.6%</b>
COUNTIES:						
1 Alcona	10,366	1,118	10.8%	11,719	719	6.1%
2 Alger	9,870	678	6.9%	9,862	451	4.6%
3 Allegan	95,953	5,983	6.2%	105,665	4,040	3.8%
4 Alpena	30,583	3,668	12.0%	31,314	2,583	8.2%
5 Antrim	19,606	1,478	7.5%	23,110	875	3.8%
6 Arenac	15,878	2,353	14.8%	17,269	1,627	9.4%
7 Baraga	8,465	1,011	11.9%	8,746	467	5.3%
8 Barry	52,091	3,554	6.8%	56,755	2,455	4.3%
9 Bay	111,676	12,823	11.5%	110,157	8,197	7.4%
10 Benzie	13,281	1,122	8.4%	15,998	680	4.3%
11 Berrien	161,199	20,348	12.6%	162,453	14,760	9.1%
12 Branch	42,002	3,882	9.2%	45,787	2,667	5.8%
13 Calhoun	139,539	17,910	12.8%	137,985	11,411	8.3%
14 Cass	49,076	5,304	10.8%	51,104	3,844	7.5%
15 Charlevoix	22,835	1,779	7.8%	26,090	1,005	3.9%
16 Cheboygan	22,390	3,014	13.5%	26,448	1,650	6.2%
17 Chippewa	36,519	3,230	8.8%	38,543	2,465	6.4%
18 Clare	27,571	5,072	18.4%	31,252	3,335	10.7%
19 Clinton	60,834	2,787	4.6%	64,753	1,574	2.4%
20 Crawford	13,348	1,809	13.6%	14,273	1,106	7.7%
21 Delta	38,642	3,757	9.7%	38,520	2,655	6.9%
22 Dickinson	27,076	1,617	6.0%	27,472	1,228	4.5%
23 Eaton	97,266	5,123	5.3%	103,655	3,737	3.6%
24 Emmet	26,950	1,946	7.2%	31,437	1,059	3.4%
25 Genesee	432,172	73,277	17.0%	436,141	45,445	10.4%
26 Gladwin	23,833	3,468	14.6%	26,023	1,862	7.2%
27 Gogebic	17,921	1,876	10.5%	17,370	1,465	8.4%
28 Grand Traverse	69,479	3,592	5.2%	77,654	2,476	3.2%
29 Gratiot	39,745	3,900	9.8%	42,285	2,283	5.4%
30 Hillsdale	44,912	3,579	8.0%	46,527	2,442	5.2%
31 Houghton	35,871	4,045	11.3%	36,016	2,292	6.4%
32 Huron	35,208	3,439	9.8%	36,079	2,043	5.7%
33 Ingham	285,978	30,870	10.8%	279,320	19,884	7.1%
34 Ionia	59,079	4,585	7.8%	61,518	3,048	5.0%
35 Iosco	23,656	3,111	13.2%	27,339	2,108	7.7%
36 Iron	13,164	1,164	8.8%	13,138	820	6.2%
37 Isabella	56,597	4,916	8.7%	63,351	3,018	4.8%
38 Jackson	152,383	15,664	10.3%	158,422	9,989	6.3%
39 Kalamazoo	227,398	20,470	9.0%	238,603	15,764	6.6%
40 Kalkaska	14,539	1,770	12.2%	16,571	1,084	6.5%
41 Kent	525,356	37,761	7.2%	574,335	33,054	5.8%
42 Keweenaw	1,874	154	8.2%	2,301	126	5.5%

\* AFDC, State Assistance, Emergency Needs, Energy Assistance and Food Stamps.

\*\* FIP, State Disability Assistance (SDA), State Emergency Relief (SER) and Food Stamps.

[drum]popcnty2.xls/08-31-01

## Percent of County Populations Receiving Public Assistance March 1994 vs. June 2001

	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, MARCH 1994			PUBLIC ASSISTANCE, JUNE 2001		
	POPULATION JULY, 1994	NUMBER OF PA RECIPIENTS* MARCH, 1994	% OF 3/94 POPULATION RECEIVING ASSISTANCE	Census 2000 Population	NUMBER OF PA RECIPIENTS** JUNE, 2001	% OF 6/01 POPULATION RECEIVING ASSISTANCE
43 Lake	9,630	2,166	22.5%	11,333	1,449	12.8%
44 Lapeer	81,228	4,240	5.2%	87,904	2,812	3.2%
45 Leelanau	17,927	818	4.6%	21,119	637	3.0%
46 Lenawee	95,384	6,886	7.2%	98,890	4,393	4.4%
47 Livingston	129,062	3,584	2.8%	156,951	1,830	1.2%
48 Luce	5,585	979	17.5%	7,024	764	10.9%
49 Mackinac	10,931	802	7.3%	11,943	467	3.9%
50 Macomb	755,002	30,669	4.1%	788,149	23,198	2.9%
51 Manistee	22,614	2,932	13.0%	24,527	1,812	7.4%
52 Marquette	70,038	4,801	6.9%	64,634	3,323	5.1%
53 Mason	27,114	3,215	11.9%	28,274	2,025	7.2%
54 Mecosta	37,365	4,661	12.5%	40,553	3,582	8.8%
55 Menominee	24,512	1,843	7.5%	25,326	1,474	5.8%
56 Midland	79,109	6,625	8.4%	82,874	3,494	4.2%
57 Missaukee <sup>@</sup>	13,295			14,478		
58 Monroe	137,013	9,621	7.0%	145,945	5,221	3.6%
59 Montcalm	56,953	6,293	11.0%	61,266	3,487	5.7%
60 Montmorency	9,558	1,272	13.3%	10,315	875	8.5%
61 Muskegon	163,003	22,848	14.0%	170,200	17,218	10.1%
62 Newaygo	42,592	4,788	11.2%	47,874	3,648	7.6%
63 Oakland	1,137,028	53,015	4.7%	1,194,156	32,709	2.7%
64 Oceana	23,570	3,455	14.7%	26,873	3,059	11.4%
65 Ogemaw	20,281	3,401	16.8%	21,645	2,280	10.5%
66 Ontonagon	8,626	748	8.7%	7,818	522	6.7%
67 Osceola	21,423	2,810	13.1%	23,197	2,028	8.7%
68 Oscoda	8,462	1,217	14.4%	9,418	937	9.9%
69 Otsego	20,109	1,312	6.5%	23,301	1,291	5.5%
70 Ottawa	205,125	7,238	3.5%	238,314	5,009	2.1%
71 Prseque Isle	14,119	1,392	9.9%	14,411	669	4.6%
72 Roscommon	21,740	3,018	13.9%	25,469	2,608	10.2%
73 Saginaw	211,890	34,220	16.1%	210,039	23,016	11.0%
74 St. Clair	152,440	13,415	8.8%	164,235	8,832	5.4%
75 St. Joseph	59,974	4,994	8.3%	62,422	4,134	6.6%
76 Sanilac	41,559	4,520	10.9%	44,547	3,047	6.8%
77 Schoolcraft	8,610	1,337	15.5%	8,903	830	9.3%
78 Shiawassee	71,646	6,251	8.7%	71,687	3,762	5.2%
79 Tuscola	56,773	5,463	9.6%	58,266	3,056	5.2%
80 Van Buren	73,794	10,130	13.7%	76,263	7,395	9.7%
81 Washtenaw	288,432	14,589	5.1%	322,895	9,451	2.9%
82 Wayne	2,126,029	409,462	19.3%	2,061,162	232,272	11.3%
83 Missaukee/Wexford <sup>@</sup>	41,422	5,074	12.2%	44,962	3,540	7.9%

<sup>@</sup> Data for Missaukee and Wexford counties are combined under: Missaukee/Wexford.  
County specific population totals for each county are: Missaukee = 13,295 (1994) and 14,478 (2000);  
28,127 (1994) and 30,484 (2000).

\* AFDC, State Assistance, Emergency Needs, Energy Assistance and Food Stamps.

\*\* FIP, State Disability Assistance (SDA), State Emergency Relief (SER) and Food Stamps.

[drum]popcnty2.xls/08-31-01

## ANNUAL AVERAGE FIP CASELOADS, RECIPIENTS, UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FY 1960 - FY 2002

FISCAL YEAR	FISCAL YEAR AND MONTH	CASES	RECIPIENTS <sup>^^</sup>	UNDUPLICATED PA RECIPIENTS <sup>+</sup>	UE RATE <sup>%^</sup>	Number UE (#)
FY 1960	July 59 - June 60 (Lowest average in 1960's)	26,580	103,396	N/A	6.7%	N/A
January 1960	(Lowest monthly caseload in 1960's)	26,212	101,965	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY 1961	July 60 - June 61	40,136	156,129	N/A	10.1%	N/A
FY 1962	July 61 - June 62	45,310	176,256	N/A	7.0%	N/A
FY 1963	July 62 - June 63	33,301	129,541	N/A	5.6%	N/A
FY 1964	July 63 - June 64	35,067	136,411	N/A	4.8%	N/A
FY 1965	July 64 - June 65	39,722	154,519	N/A	3.9%	N/A
FY 1966	July 65 - June 66	38,328	149,096	N/A	3.5%	N/A
FY 1967	July 66 - June 77	38,477	149,825	N/A	4.5%	N/A
FY 1968	July 67 - June 68	44,780	174,368	N/A	4.3%	N/A
FY 1968	October - September	46,637	181,600	N/A	4.3%	N/A
FY 1969	October - September	52,408	203,867	N/A	4.0%	N/A
@ FY 1970	October - September	70,609	274,944	N/A	6.7%	241,000
@ FY 1971	October - September	108,978	411,560	N/A	7.6%	276,000
FY 1972	October - September	148,800	537,288	N/A	7.0%	258,000
FY 1973	October - September	169,049	591,118	752,203	5.9%	223,000
FY 1974	October - September	180,594	614,333	780,407	7.4%	288,000
@ FY 1975	October - September	192,555	640,852	899,268	12.5%	486,000
FY 1976	October - September	203,985	670,798	913,938	9.4%	373,000
FY 1977	October - September	199,629	646,228	847,992	8.2%	337,000
FY 1978	October - September	194,699	617,089	793,364	6.9%	289,000
@ FY 1979	October - September	200,097	621,691	830,804	7.8%	335,000
@ FY 1980	October - September	219,814	679,352	999,141	12.4%	534,000
@ March 1981	Highest Ever Caseload	248,377	774,880	1,141,158	13.0%	550,000
@ FY 1981	October - September	241,157	752,830	1,100,345	12.3%	529,000
@ FY 1982	October - September	231,643	726,599	1,009,631	15.5%	661,000
FY 1983	October - September	239,848	750,914	1,186,943	14.2%	608,000
FY 1984	October - September	240,066	743,084	1,164,494	11.2%	486,000
FY 1985	October - September	224,991	689,961	1,067,524	9.9%	433,000
FY 1986	October - September	220,050	672,256	1,015,907	8.8%	385,000
FY 1987	October - September	214,215	651,487	978,000	8.2%	369,000
FY 1988	October - September	212,949	645,477	965,000	7.6%	345,000
FY 1989	October - September	211,712	639,282	959,715	7.1%	326,000
@ FY 1990	October - September	217,949	654,552	970,000	7.6%	350,000
@ FY 1991	October - September	227,415	684,791	1,025,000	9.3%	425,000
FY 1992	October - September	225,359	673,502	1,002,000	8.9%	414,000
FY 1993	October - September	229,349	687,428	1,032,000	7.1%	332,000
FY 1994	October - September	223,658	664,914	1,015,000	5.9%	281,000
March 1994	Recent Highest Monthly Caseload	226,863	676,066	1,035,000	7.2%	335,000
FY 1995	October - September	201,336	596,602	952,000	5.3%	253,000
FY 1996	October - September	177,648	526,079	901,000	4.9%	234,000
FY 1997	October - September	151,358	447,946	823,000	4.0%	202,000
FY 1998	October - September	123,392	359,671	756,000	3.9%	194,000
FY 1999	October - September	90,890	256,750	656,000	3.7%	189,000
FY 1999	October - September	90,890	256,750	656,000	3.7%	189,000
FY 2000	October - September	72,772	205,600	589,000	3.6%	185,000
June <sup>^^</sup> 2001	Most Recent Month	69,820	193,238	656,000	5.0%	268,000
FY 2001*	October - September	69,000	191,500	N/A	5.4%	281,000
FY 2002*	October - September	75,100	208,000	N/A	5.3%	278,000

\* The FY 2001 caseload average is an FIA trend line projection. The FY 2002 caseload is the FIA budgeted caseload.

! As of June 2001, Michigan's FIP caseload had decreased in 78 out of the previous 87 months (March 1994 - June 2001). Whereas the March 1994 total was 226,863, the June 2001 total of 69,820 was 157,043 lower (-69.2%).

+ FIP, SDA, SER, Food Stamps and Energy Assistance.

@ Recession year.

@@ Mild recession year. Included an automobile industry strike that began in the last quarter and ended in January, 1971

*Note: The 1970-71 recession was mild. The 1975 recession was more severe. The 1979-82 recession was the most severe since the great depression. The 1990-91 recession was mild. There were no recessions in the 1960's.*

^ Unemployment data is by calendar year (and in several instances reflects monthly data).

*Note: Prior to 1970 Michigan's fiscal year was July through June. For purposes of this summary, beginning with FY 1968, the annual average caseload was based on an October - September fiscal year.*

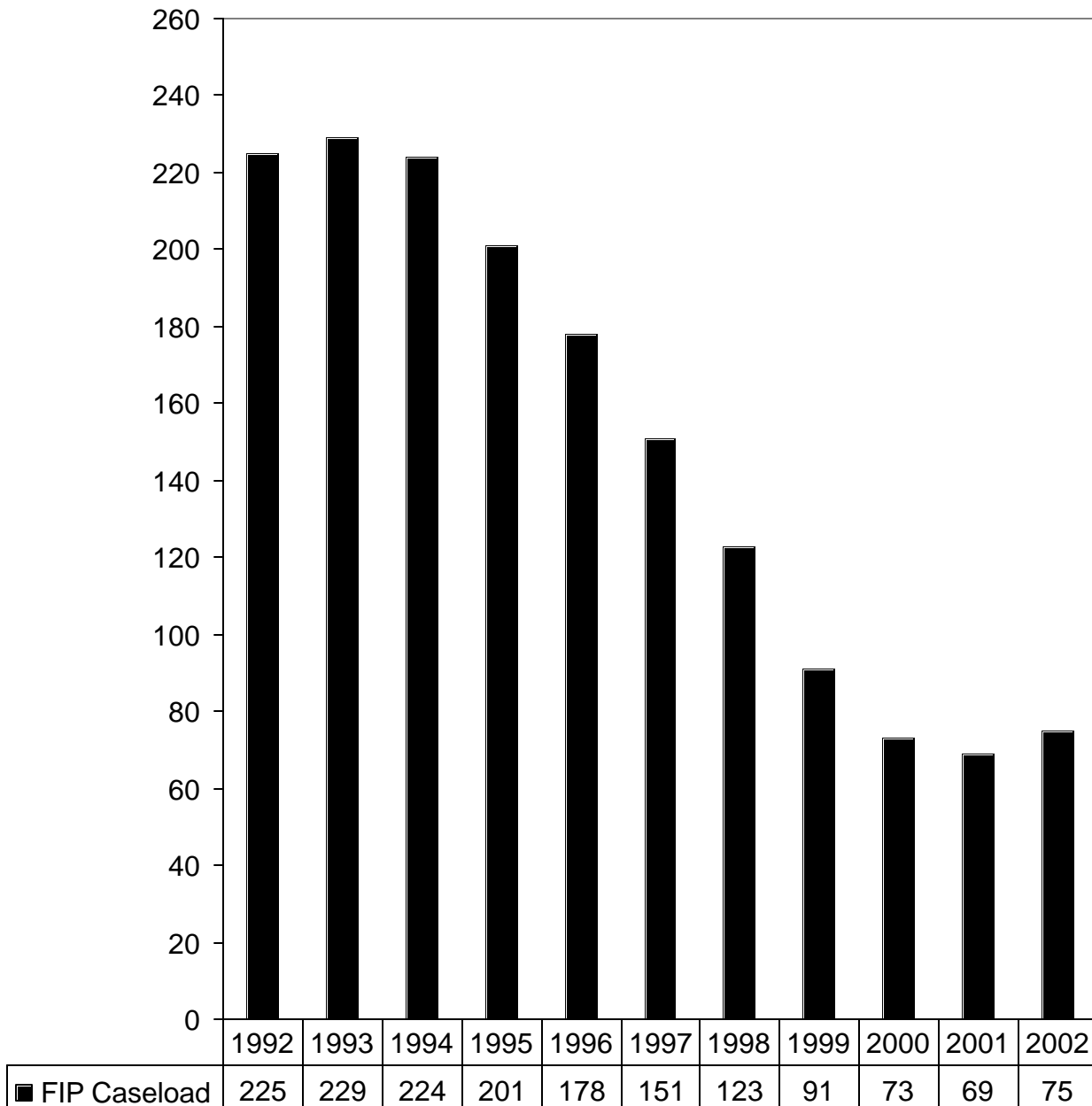
^^ The June 2001 caseload total was among the lowest since March 1970 (when the total was 69,328)

# Number of people unemployed (seasonally adjusted).

^^^ Recipient totals from FY 1960 - FY 1969 are estimates based on actual annual average families and children for those years. I.e., families and children were reported in those years (as opposed to "recipients")

## FAMILY INDEPENDENCE PROGRAM FY 1992 - FY 2002

*In Thousands*



*Projected*

Note: The June 2001 caseload was 69,820, among the lowest totals since April 1970 when it was 69,328. The projected FY 2001 average monthly caseload of 69,000 is the lowest average monthly total since FY 1969 when it was 52,408 (the lowest in 32 years). The FY 2002 budgeted caseload is 75,000. The recent lowest monthly caseload was 66,762 (recorded for November 2000).

# Family Independence Program (FIP) Caseload

## March 1994 vs. June 2001

	NUMBER FIP CASES MARCH, 1994	NUMBER OF FIP CASES JUNE, 2001	CASELOAD CHANGE (NUMBER - #) 3/94 vs. 6/01	CASELOAD CHANGE (PERCENT - %) 3/94 vs. 6/01
<b>MICHIGAN</b>	<b>226,863</b>	<b>69,820</b>	<b>-157,043</b>	<b>-69.2%</b>
1 Alcona	179	43	-136	-76.0%
2 Alger	112	35	-77	-68.8%
3 Allegan	1,112	284	-828	-74.5%
4 Alpena	651	186	-465	-71.4%
5 Antrim	248	58	-190	-76.6%
6 Arenac	405	111	-294	-72.6%
7 Baraga	170	34	-136	-80.0%
8 Barry	669	198	-471	-70.4%
9 Bay	2,592	735	-1,857	-71.6%
10 Benzie	169	33	-136	-80.5%
11 Berrien	4,542	1,608	-2,934	-64.6%
12 Branch	716	205	-511	-71.4%
13 Calhoun	3,721	1,259	-2,462	-66.2%
14 Cass	1,083	312	-771	-71.2%
15 Charlevoix	319	54	-265	-83.1%
16 Cheboygan	466	97	-369	-79.2%
17 Chippewa	555	174	-381	-68.6%
18 Clare	1,000	271	-729	-72.9%
19 Clinton	543	114	-429	-79.0%
20 Crawford	287	64	-223	-77.7%
21 Delta	707	198	-509	-72.0%
22 Dickinson	304	86	-218	-71.7%
23 Eaton	1,043	316	-727	-69.7%
24 Emmet	275	68	-207	-75.3%
25 Genesee	17,753	6,238	-11,515	-64.9%
26 Gladwin	674	131	-543	-80.6%
27 Gogebic	332	120	-212	-63.9%
28 Grand Traverse	598	110	-488	-81.6%
29 Gratiot	766	160	-606	-79.1%
30 Hillsdale	650	182	-468	-72.0%
31 Houghton	619	115	-504	-81.4%
32 Huron	550	111	-439	-79.8%
33 Ingham	6,829	2,097	-4,732	-69.3%
34 Ionia	908	266	-642	-70.7%
35 Iosco	506	125	-381	-75.3%
36 Iron	196	67	-129	-65.8%
37 Isabella	959	242	-717	-74.8%
38 Jackson	3,393	1,058	-2,335	-68.8%
39 Kalamazoo	4,440	1,592	-2,848	-64.1%
40 Kalkaska	272	45	-227	-83.5%
41 Kent	8,317	3,685	-4,632	-55.7%
42 Keweenaw	18	8	-10	-55.6%

## Family Independence Program (FIP) Caseload March 1994 vs. June 2001

	NUMBER FIP CASES MARCH, 1994	NUMBER OF FIP CASES JUNE, 2001	CASELOAD CHANGE (NUMBER - #) 3/94 vs. 6/01	CASELOAD CHANGE (PERCENT - %) 3/94 vs. 6/01
43 Lake	383	125	-258	-67.4%
44 Lapeer	858	226	-632	-73.7%
45 Leelanau	130	31	-99	-76.2%
46 Lenawee	1,452	379	-1,073	-73.9%
47 Livingston	756	116	-640	-84.7%
48 Luce	173	64	-109	-63.0%
49 Mackinac	130	37	-93	-71.5%
50 Macomb	6,799	1,976	-4,823	-70.9%
51 Manistee	494	94	-400	-81.0%
52 Marquette	928	260	-668	-72.0%
53 Mason	536	111	-425	-79.3%
54 Mecosta	891	220	-671	-75.3%
55 Menominee	285	112	-173	-60.7%
56 Midland	1,291	252	-1,039	-80.5%
57 Missaukee <sup>@</sup>				
58 Monroe	2,221	539	-1,682	-75.7%
59 Montcalm	1,224	270	-954	-77.9%
60 Montmorency	208	51	-157	-75.5%
61 Muskegon	4,917	2,300	-2,617	-53.2%
62 Newaygo	846	260	-586	-69.3%
63 Oakland	11,642	2,984	-8,658	-74.4%
64 Oceana	571	200	-371	-65.0%
65 Ogemaw	638	170	-468	-73.4%
66 Ontonagon	130	49	-81	-62.3%
67 Osceola	516	158	-358	-69.4%
68 Oscoda	199	65	-134	-67.3%
69 Otsego	222	73	-149	-67.1%
70 Ottawa	1,337	375	-962	-72.0%
71 Prseque Isle	211	29	-182	-86.3%
72 Roscommon	571	193	-378	-66.2%
73 Saginaw	7,887	3,313	-4,574	-58.0%
74 St. Clair	2,814	736	-2,078	-73.8%
75 St. Joseph	914	324	-590	-64.6%
76 Sanilac	749	195	-554	-74.0%
77 Schoolcraft	219	57	-162	-74.0%
78 Shiawassee	1,241	262	-979	-78.9%
79 Tuscola	1,019	228	-791	-77.6%
80 Van Buren	1,862	597	-1,265	-67.9%
81 Washtenaw	3,463	962	-2,501	-72.2%
82 Wayne	95,566	28,305	-67,261	-70.4%
83 Missaukee/Wexford <sup>@</sup>	922	227	-695	-75.4%

<sup>@</sup> Data for Missaukee and Wexford counties are combined under: Missaukee/Wexford.

## FIP, SDA AND FOOD STAMP CASELOAD TRENDS

March 1994 - June 2001

FIP AND SDA (State Totals)								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
FIP	226,863	86,100	68,881	69,820	(157,043)	-69.2%	72,772	69,000
SDA	9,442	7,421	6,807	2,037	(7,405)	-78.4%	6,898	7,000
FIP, SDA	236,305	93,521	75,688	71,857	(164,448)	-69.6%	79,670	76,000

FIP AND SDA (Wayne County and Outstate)								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001
<b><u>Outstate</u></b>								
FIP	131,297	45,298	39,164	41,515	(89,782)	-68.4%	29,494	N/A
SDA	5,822	4,888	4,415	(488)	(6,310)	-108.4%	4,192	N/A
FIP and SDA	137,119	50,186	43,579	41,027	(96,092)	-70.1%	33,686	N/A
<b><u>Wayne County</u></b>								
FIP	95,566	40,802	29,717	28,305	(67,261)	-70.4%	43,278	N/A
SDA	3,620	2,533	2,392	2,525	(1,095)	-30.2%	2,706	N/A
FIP and SDA	99,186	43,335	32,109	30,830	(68,356)	-68.9%	45,984	N/A

FOOD STAMP HOUSEHOLDS (Statewide)								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
FS-PA	217,088	76,124	59,485	60,940	(156,148)	-71.9%	62,588	59,400
FS Non-PA	208,968	195,504	191,167	226,790	17,822	8.5%	191,299	214,700
FS-Total	426,056	271,628	250,652	287,730	(138,326)	-32.5%	253,887	274,100

\* Projected.



## FIA PROGRAM TRENDS

MA-NEEDY (Cases/Recipients)								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Cases	220,005	385,555	407,865	451,731	231,726	105.3%	402,527	440,200
Recipients	319,226	621,128	662,733	734,966	415,740	130.2%	657,890	714,300

SSI RECIPIENTS								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Recipients	192,397	211,098	209,590	208,968	16,571	8.6%	209,832	208,800

FOSTER CARE PROGRAM CASELOAD								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Number of Cases	16,328	19,226	19,324	20,184	3,856	23.6%	19,360	20,000

ADOPTION SUBSIDY CASELOAD								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Number of Cases	8,802	16,357	18,207	19,943	11,141	126.6%	17,698	19,800

JUVENILE JUSTICE CASELOAD								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Number of Cases	4,703	6,055	4,792	3,505	(1,198)	-25.5%	5,121	3,460

CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND CARE CASELOAD								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Number of Cases	24,799	63,214	71,058	63,093	38,294	154.4%	66,811	65,700
Recipients	39,145	118,159	134,269	120,363	81,218	207.5%	125,777	124,500

HOME HELP SERVICES CASELOAD (Titles XIX and XX)								
	March 1994	June 1999	June 2000	June 2001	# Change 3/94 - 6/01	% Change 3/94 - 6/01	FY AVERAGES	
							FY 2000	FY 2001*
Number of Cases	29,455	37,143	37,081	38,594	9,139	31.0%	37,127	38,100

\* Projected.

[td]fiatrends.xls

**FIP AND SDA  
AVERAGE MONTHLY CASELOAD TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS\*  
FY 2000 - FY 2002**

<b>FIA Projections*</b>	<b>FY 2000 Actual</b>	<b>FY 2001 Projected</b>	<b>FY 2002 Budgeted</b>
FIP	72,772	69,000	75,100
SDA	6,898	7,000	6,700
<b>TOTAL FIP AND SDA</b>	<b>79,670</b>	<b>76,000</b>	<b>81,800</b>

\* FIA trendline projections (July, 2001). Totals may moderately vary from budget caseload totals.

**AVERAGE MONTHLY MA-NEEDY, SSI, FOSTER CARE,  
ADOPTION SUBSIDY, JUVENILE JUSTICE,  
CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND CARE, HOME HELP SERVICES,  
AND FOOD STAMP CASELOAD PROJECTIONS\*  
FY 2000 - FY 2002**

<b>FIA Projections</b>	<b>FY 2000 Actual</b>	<b>FY 2001 Projected</b>	<b>FY 2002 Projected</b>
MA-Only Cases Recipients	402,527 657,890	444,200 714,300	481,800 790,300
SSI Recipients	209,832	208,800	209,300
Foster Care Program Caseload	19,360	20,010	20,540
Adoption Subsidy Caseload	17,698	19,800	22,000
Juvenile Justice Caseload	5,121	3,460	2,510
Child Development and Care Cases Children	66,811 125,777	65,700 124,500	67,600 127,500
Home Help Caseload	37,127	38,100	38,900
Food Stamp Caseload Total	253,887	327,400	374,700
Public Assistance	62,588	63,400	65,200
Non-Public Assistance	191,299	264,000	309,500

\* FIA trendline projections (July, 2001). Totals may moderately vary from budgeted caseload totals.

**FIP CASES WITH AND WITHOUT EARNED INCOME: SEPTEMBER 1992 vs. JUNE 2001**

County	SEPTEMBER 1992			JUNE 2001			Number and % Change in FIP Cases Without Earnings 9/92 - 6/01	
	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	No. Cases	% Change
1 Alcona	155	102	53	41	28	13	-74	-72.5%
2 Alger	93	60	33	28	12	16	-48	-80.0%
3 Allegan	1,118	881	237	264	209	55	-672	-76.3%
4 Alpena	587	392	195	162	102	60	-290	-74.0%
5 Antrim	246	162	84	54	31	23	-131	-80.9%
6 Arenac	387	269	118	98	71	27	-198	-73.6%
7 Baraga	184	130	54	28	23	5	-107	-82.3%
8 Barry	671	495	176	177	111	66	-384	-77.6%
9 Bay	2,438	1,813	625	680	414	266	-1,399	-77.2%
10 Benzie	157	89	68	31	23	8	-66	-74.2%
11 Berrien	4,351	3,446	905	1,463	986	477	-2,460	-71.4%
12 Branch	652	498	154	175	113	62	-385	-77.3%
13 Calhoun	3,531	2,871	660	1,129	817	312	-2,054	-71.5%
14 Cass	1,032	857	175	277	205	72	-652	-76.1%
15 Charlevoix	282	174	108	47	39	8	-135	-77.6%
16 Cheboygan	412	274	138	79	56	23	-218	-79.6%
17 Chippewa	552	372	180	150	101	49	-271	-72.8%
18 Clare	938	678	260	238	169	69	-509	-75.1%
19 Clinton	502	370	132	98	67	31	-303	-81.9%
20 Crawford	258	186	72	60	46	14	-140	-75.3%
21 Delta	667	464	203	186	119	67	-345	-74.4%
22 Dickinson	286	187	99	70	47	23	-140	-74.9%
23 Eaton	886	645	241	265	171	94	-474	-73.5%
24 Emmet	253	162	91	62	42	20	-120	-74.1%
25 Genesee	16,817	14,522	2,295	5,890	3,871	2,019	-10,651	-73.3%
26 Gladwin	597	444	153	119	87	32	-357	-80.4%
27 Gogebic	303	223	80	107	73	34	-150	-67.3%
28 Grand Traverse	547	379	168	99	78	21	-301	-79.4%
29 Gratiot	753	565	188	145	104	41	-461	-81.6%
30 Hillsdale	674	509	165	156	111	45	-398	-78.2%
31 Houghton	573	382	191	103	63	40	-319	-83.5%
32 Huron	566	376	190	104	63	41	-313	-83.2%
33 Ingham	6,048	4,873	1,175	1,956	1,317	639	-3,556	-73.0%
34 Ionia	821	608	213	229	176	53	-432	-71.1%
35 Iosco	427	288	139	112	75	37	-213	-74.0%
36 Iron	168	115	53	60	39	21	-76	-66.1%
37 Isabella	923	676	247	218	138	80	-538	-79.6%
38 Jackson	3,136	2,462	674	976	734	242	-1,728	-70.2%
39 Kalamazoo	4,256	3,358	898	1,461	1,044	417	-2,314	-68.9%
40 Kalkaska	257	188	69	39	30	9	-158	-84.0%
41 Kent	7,803	6,171	1,632	3,416	2,466	950	-3,705	-60.0%
42 Keweenaw	15	11	4	7	3	4	-8	-72.7%

**FIP CASES WITH AND WITHOUT EARNED INCOME: SEPTEMBER 1992 vs. JUNE 2001**

County	SEPTEMBER 1992			JUNE 2001			Number and % Change in FIP Cases Without Earnings 9/92 - 6/01	
	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	No. Cases	% Change
43 Lake	362	262	100	108	76	32	-186	-71.0%
44 Lapeer	908	714	194	203	129	74	-585	-81.9%
45 Leelanau	113	65	48	28	19	9	-46	-70.8%
46 Lenawee	1,495	1,116	379	341	268	73	-848	-76.0%
47 Livingston	720	572	148	109	91	18	-481	-84.1%
48 Luce	111	69	42	54	31	23	-38	-55.1%
49 Mackinac	95	57	38	32	23	9	-34	-59.6%
50 Macomb	6,108	5,024	1,084	1,841	1,302	539	-3,722	-74.1%
51 Manistee	400	284	116	75	49	26	-235	-82.7%
52 Marquette	848	521	327	232	151	81	-370	-71.0%
53 Mason	503	356	147	111	76	35	-280	-78.7%
54 Mecosta	745	536	209	186	132	54	-404	-75.4%
55 Menominee	243	164	79	99	67	32	-97	-59.1%
56 Midland	1,169	826	343	232	136	96	-690	-83.5%
57 Missaukee*								
58 Monroe	2,000	1,615	385	477	358	119	-1,257	-77.8%
59 Montcalm	1,134	862	272	235	188	47	-674	-78.2%
60 Montmorency	202	132	70	47	35	12	-97	-73.5%
61 Muskegon	4,660	3,606	1,054	2,147	1,598	549	-2,008	-55.7%
62 Newaygo	765	528	237	232	181	51	-347	-65.7%
63 Oakland	10,819	8,971	1,848	2,795	1,969	826	-7,002	-78.1%
64 Oceana	483	332	151	177	123	54	-209	-63.0%
65 Ogemaw	545	413	132	146	91	55	-322	-78.0%
66 Ontonagon	124	83	41	40	19	21	-64	-77.1%
67 Osceola	497	371	126	135	97	38	-274	-73.9%
68 Oscoda	172	117	55	53	39	14	-78	-66.7%
69 Otsego	191	114	77	66	39	27	-75	-65.8%
70 Ottawa	1,238	916	322	336	267	69	-649	-70.9%
71 Presque Isle	189	131	58	30	20	10	-111	-84.7%
72 Roscommon	572	401	171	172	124	48	-277	-69.1%
73 Saginaw	7,302	5,882	1,420	3,165	1,951	1,214	-3,931	-66.8%
74 St. Clair	2,745	2,088	657	668	448	220	-1,640	-78.5%
75 St. Joseph	1,026	811	215	292	197	95	-614	-75.7%
76 Sanilac	729	493	236	173	130	43	-363	-73.6%
77 Schoolcraft	199	154	45	42	25	17	-129	-83.8%
78 Shiawassee	1,196	902	294	238	146	92	-756	-83.8%
79 Tuscola	958	696	262	203	138	65	-558	-80.2%
80 Van Buren	1,811	1,299	512	542	394	148	-905	-69.7%
81 Washtenaw	3,048	2,508	540	907	671	236	-1,837	-73.2%
82 Wayne	90,692	83,381	7,311	26,941	19,814	7,127	-63,567	-76.2%
83 Wexford/Missaukee*	881	632	249	198	137	61	-495	-78.3%
TOTAL	213,320	179,731	33,589	65,167	46,223	18,944	-133,508	-74.3%

\* As of May, 1997, Missaukee and Wexford caseload data are combined. FIA activities for Missaukee and Wexford are reported as Wexford data.

[td]ei:june2001.xls (8/31/01)

**FIP CASES WITH AND WITHOUT EARNED INCOME: SEPTEMBER 1992 vs. JUNE 2001**

WAYNE COUNTY DISTRICT OFFICES	SEPTEMBER 1992			JUNE 2001			Number and % Change in FIP Cases Without Earnings 9/92 - 6/01	
	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	Caseload	Number W/O Earned Income	Number With Earned Income	No. Cases	% Change
<b>ZONE VII</b>								
55 Hamtramck	4,758	4,758	324	1,115	796	319	-3,962	-83.3%
57 Medbury	2,714	2,714	164	1,155	814	341	-1,900	-70.0%
59 McNichols/Goodard	4,346	4,346	306	1,164	885	279	-3,461	-79.6%
71 Harper/Gratiot****	3,777	3,777	249	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
72 Maddelein East^	3,029	3,029	216	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
73 Forest/Elery	2,594	2,594	152	1,269	947	322	-1,647	-63.5%
74 Kercheval/Towns	2,815	2,815	176	913	627	286	-2,188	-77.7%
76 Maddelein^	5,164	5,164	359	2,147	1,574	573	-3,590	-69.5%
79 Conner/Warren	2,943	2,943	203	1,370	1,029	341	-1,914	-65.0%
80 West Medical	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
82 Hospital Corridor	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
85 Central Medical	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	32,140	32,140	2,149	9,133	6,672	2,461	-25,468	-79.2%
<b>ZONE VIII</b>								
13 Redford	3,970	3,970	423	658	488	170	-3,482	-87.7%
15 Greydale	4,706	4,706	368	1,980	1,485	495	-3,221	-68.4%
17 Joy/Greenfield	4,385	4,385	410	1,711	1,268	443	-3,117	-71.1%
31 Schaefer/McNichols*	3,492	3,492	228	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
35 Schoolcraft	4,131	4,131	301	1,730	1,269	461	-2,862	-69.3%
14 Lincoln Park	3,092	3,092	475	852	638	214	-2,454	-79.4%
16 Romulus	2,782	2,782	440	693	565	128	-2,217	-79.7%
18 Taylor	3,328	3,328	502	626	470	156	-2,858	-85.9%
19 Inkster	3,001	3,001	452	1,357	917	440	-2,084	-69.4%
Total	32,887	32,887	3,599	9,607	7,100	2,507	-25,787	-78.4%
<b>ZONE IX</b>								
32 Tireman	3,223	3,223	159	1,621	1,211	410	-2,012	-62.4%
39 Fullerton/Jeffries	4,303	4,303	263	1,513	1,077	436	-3,226	-75.0%
41 Fort/Wayne	3,343	3,343	220	1,493	1,169	324	-2,174	-65.0%
43 Glendale/Trumbell	2,671	2,671	181	1,784	1,297	487	-1,374	-51.4%
45 Oakman/Grand River**	3,168	3,168	183	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
46 Magnolia/W. Grand*****	3,345	3,345	231	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
48 Lafayette***	1,061	1,061	72	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
49 Grand River/Warren	2,050	2,050	99	809	556	253	-1,494	-72.9%
56 Highland Park	2,383	2,383	134	928	685	243	-1,698	-71.3%
Total	25,547	25,547	1,542	8,148	5,995	2,153	-11,978	-46.9%
WAYNE CO. TOTAL^	90,692	83,381	7,311	26,941	19,814	7,127	-63,567	-76.2%
OUTSTATE TOTAL	122,628	96,350	26,278	38,226	26,409	11,817	-69,941	-72.6%
STATEWIDE TOTAL	213,320	179,731	33,589	65,167	46,223	18,944	-133,508	-74.3%

^ Cases combined under one district office: Maddelein.

^^ Totals for June 2001 include 53 ongoing cases (and 6 EI case) not yet associated with specific district offices (following/during district consolidation activities).

\* The Schaefer District office was closed effective August 1, 1997. Cases were transferred to other Wayne County district offices.

\*\* As of November 1999, all FIP cases had been transferred to other district offices. The Oakman District is now exclusively a services oriented office.

\*\*\* Lafayette District was eliminated on 4/4/97. Cases were subsequently redistributed to Grand River/Warren, Oakman, Fort Wayne and Rosa Parks District Offices.

\*\*\*\* The Harper/Gratiot District Office was closed at the end of January, 2001. Cases were transferred to other Zone VII District offices.

\*\*\*\*\* The Magnolia/Blvd. Office was closed at the end of November, 2000. Cases were transferred to the Highland Park, Fort Military and Tireman District Offices.

[td]ejune2001.xls (08/31/2001)

## CENSUS BUREAU POVERTY THRESHOLDS\*

### 1987 - 2002

Family Size	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
1	\$5,778	\$6,024	\$6,311	\$6,652	\$6,932	\$7,143	\$7,363
2	\$7,397	\$7,704	\$8,076	\$8,509	\$8,865	\$9,137	\$9,414
3	\$9,056	\$9,435	\$9,885	\$10,419	\$10,860	\$11,186	\$11,522
4	\$11,611	\$12,092	\$12,675	\$13,359	\$13,924	\$14,335	\$14,763
5	\$13,737	\$14,305	\$14,990	\$15,792	\$16,456	\$16,952	\$17,449
6	\$15,509	\$16,149	\$16,921	\$17,839	\$18,587	\$19,137	\$19,718
7	\$17,649	\$18,248	\$19,162	\$20,241	\$21,058	\$21,594	\$22,383
8	\$19,515	\$20,279	\$21,328	\$22,582	\$23,605	\$24,053	\$24,838

Family Size	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000**
1	\$7,547	\$7,763	\$7,995	\$8,183	\$8,316	\$8,501	\$8,787
2	\$9,661	\$9,933	\$10,233	\$10,473	\$10,634	\$10,869	\$11,234
3	\$11,821	\$12,158	\$12,516	\$12,802	\$13,003	\$13,290	\$13,737
4	\$15,141	\$15,569	\$16,036	\$16,400	\$16,660	\$17,029	\$17,601
5	\$17,900	\$18,408	\$18,952	\$19,380	\$19,680	\$20,127	\$20,804
6	\$20,235	\$20,804	\$21,389	\$21,886	\$22,228	\$22,727	\$23,491
7	\$22,923	\$23,552	\$24,268	\$24,802	\$25,257	\$25,912	\$26,783
8	\$25,427	\$26,237	\$27,091	\$27,593	\$28,166	\$28,967	\$29,941

Family Size	2001***	2002***
1	\$9,033	\$9,277
2	\$11,549	\$11,860
3	\$14,122	\$14,503
4	\$18,094	\$18,582
5	\$21,387	\$21,964
6	\$24,149	\$24,801
7	\$27,533	\$28,276
8	\$30,779	\$31,610

\* *Poverty Thresholds: The poverty thresholds for the United States are computed annually by the Bureau of the Census as a means for counting the nation's low-income population. The poverty thresholds form the basis for all other poverty levels used by the Federal Government including the poverty income guidelines (discussed on the following page). The poverty thresholds are generally used by the Family Independence Agency and others for determining the number of people in poverty and for presenting data that classify low-income people by type of residence, race, and other social, economic and demographic characteristics. The poverty thresholds are updated annually by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index. The Family Independence Agency does not calculate separate poverty thresholds for Michigan. However, for budget and program purposes the Family Independence Agency does calculate poverty thresholds for future years based on projected increases in the CPI. The 2001 and 2002 poverty thresholds are based on projected increases in the U.S. CPI-U of 2.8% in 2001 and 2.7% in 2002.*

\*\* *Preliminary U.S. Census Bureau Estimate. Final poverty thresholds for 2000 will not be released until September, 2001.*

\*\*\* *The 2001 and 2002 figures are Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation projections (April-June, 2001).*

[td]povguide6.xls (8/31/2001)

## POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES FOR ALL STATES AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA\*

(Except Alaska and Hawaii)

1987 - 2002

Family Size	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
1	\$5,500	\$5,770	\$5,980	\$6,280	\$6,620	\$6,810	\$6,970
2	\$7,400	\$7,730	\$8,020	\$8,420	\$8,880	\$9,190	\$9,430
3	\$9,300	\$9,690	\$10,060	\$10,560	\$11,140	\$11,570	\$11,890
4	\$11,200	\$11,650	\$12,100	\$12,700	\$13,400	\$13,950	\$14,350
5	\$13,100	\$13,610	\$14,140	\$14,840	\$15,660	\$16,330	\$16,810
6	\$15,000	\$15,570	\$16,180	\$16,980	\$17,920	\$18,710	\$19,270
7	\$16,900	\$17,530	\$18,220	\$19,120	\$20,180	\$21,090	\$21,730
8	\$18,800	\$19,490	\$20,260	\$21,260	\$22,440	\$23,470	\$24,190

Family Size	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
1	\$7,360	\$7,470	\$7,740	\$7,890	\$8,050	\$8,240	\$8,350
2	\$9,840	\$10,030	\$10,360	\$10,610	\$10,850	\$11,060	\$11,250
3	\$12,320	\$12,590	\$12,980	\$13,330	\$13,650	\$13,880	\$14,150
4	\$14,800	\$15,150	\$15,600	\$16,050	\$16,450	\$16,700	\$17,050
5	\$17,280	\$17,710	\$18,220	\$18,770	\$19,250	\$19,520	\$19,950
6	\$19,760	\$20,270	\$20,840	\$21,490	\$22,050	\$22,340	\$22,850
7	\$22,240	\$22,830	\$23,460	\$24,210	\$24,850	\$25,160	\$25,750
8	\$24,720	\$25,390	\$26,080	\$26,930	\$27,650	\$27,980	\$28,650

Family Size	2001	2002**
1	\$8,590	\$8,800
2	\$11,610	\$11,900
3	\$14,630	\$15,000
4	\$17,650	\$18,100
5	\$20,670	\$21,200
6	\$23,690	\$24,300
7	\$26,710	\$27,400
8	\$29,730	\$30,500

\* The Federal poverty income guidelines (above) are a simplified version of the Federal Government's official statistical poverty thresholds (previous page). Developed and issued by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), they are used by the Family Independence Agency and others for administrative purposes such as determining whether a person or family is financially eligible for assistance or services under a particular Federal program.

\*\* The 2001 and 2002 figures are Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation projections (April-June, 2001).

[td]povguide6.xls (8/31/2001)

## POVERTY TRENDS 1980 - 1999 UNITED STATES AND MICHIGAN

Year		United States (All)	United States < 18 YOA	Michigan All People	Michigan < 18 YOA
CPS	1980	13.0%	N/A	12.9%	N/A
CPS	1981	14.0%	N/A	13.0%	N/A
CPS	1982	15.0%	N/A	16.2%	N/A
CPS	1983	15.2%	N/A	16.8%	N/A
CPS	1984	14.4%	N/A	16.7%	N/A
CPS	1985	14.0%	N/A	14.5%	N/A
CPS	1986	13.6%	N/A	13.9%	N/A
CPS	1987	13.4%	N/A	12.2%	N/A
CPS	1988	13.0%	N/A	12.1%	N/A
CPS	1989	12.8%	N/A	13.2%	N/A
<b>SAIPE**</b>	1989	12.8%	19.6%	12.1%	19.1%
<b>Census</b>	1990	13.1%	18.3%	13.1%	18.6%
CPS	1990	13.5%	N/A	14.3%	N/A
CPS	1991	14.2%	N/A	14.1%	N/A
CPS	1992	14.8%	N/A	13.6%	N/A
CPS	1993	15.1%	N/A	15.4%	N/A
<b>SAIPE**</b>	<b>1993</b>	<b>12.8%</b>	<b>22.7%</b>	<b>15.0%</b>	<b>23.6%</b>
CPS	1994	14.5%	N/A	14.1%	N/A
CPS	1995	14.4%	N/A	12.2%	N/A
<b>SAIPE**</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>13.8%</b>	<b>20.8%</b>	<b>12.6%</b>	<b>20.1%</b>
CPS	1996	13.7%	20.5%	11.2%	N/A
<b>SAIPE**</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>13.7%</b>	<b>20.5%</b>	<b>12.2%</b>	<b>19.0%</b>
<b>SAIPE***</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>13.3%</b>	<b>19.9%</b>	<b>11.5%</b>	<b>18.0%</b>
CPS	1997	13.3%	19.9%	10.3%	N/A
CPS	1998	12.7%	18.9%	11.0%	N/A
CPS	1999	11.8%	16.9%	9.7%	N/A
Census	2000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>TWO-YEAR MOVING AVERAGE RATES</b>		United States (All)	United States <18 YOA	Michigan (All)	Michigan <18 YOA
2-Yr Avg.	1994-1995	14.2%	N/A	<b>13.2%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
2-Yr Avg.	1995-1996	13.8%	N/A	<b>11.7%*</b>	<b>N/A</b>
2-Yr Avg.	1996-1997	13.5%	N/A	<b>10.7%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
2-Yr Avg.	1997-1998	13.0%	N/A	<b>10.6%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
2-Yr Avg.	1998-1999	12.3%*	N/A	<b>10.3%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
3-Yr Avg.	1996-1998	13.2%	N/A	<b>10.8%</b>	<b>N/A</b>
3-Yr Avg.	1997-1999	12.6%	N/A	<b>10.3%</b>	<b>N/A</b>

**Data Source:** "Poverty in the United States: 1999," Bureau of the Census, CPS Series (issued September, 2000), and additional historical data sets maintained by Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation Division staff.

\* Statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

\*\* Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE), developed by the Census Bureau. Estimates are based on a methodology that is different from the CPS data series. The CPS and SAIPE rates are not comparable. A discussion of the differences between CPS and SAIPE poverty estimates may be found at: [www.census.gov/hhes/www/SAIPE](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/SAIPE). The sixteen most frequently asked questions regarding SAIPE are responded to at that site.

\*\*\* The most recent year for which Michigan county level data is available.



## Key Economic Indicators

POVERTY RATES BY STATE: 1990 to 1999 <sup>1</sup>														
											2-Year Averages		3-Year Avg.	Diff. In 2-Year Mov. Avg. 1998-99 vs. 1997-98
	1990	1991	1992 <sup>r</sup>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	97-98	98-99	97-99	
United States	13.5%	14.2%	14.8%	15.1%	14.5%	14.4%	13.7%	13.3%	13.3%	11.8%	13.0%	12.3%	12.6%	-0.7 *
<i>State</i>														
Alabama	19.2	18.8	17.3	17.4	16.4	20.1	14.0	15.7	14.5	15.1	15.1	14.8	15.1	-0.3
Alaska	11.4	11.8	10.2	9.1	10.2	7.1	8.2	8.8	9.4	7.6	9.1	8.5	8.6	-0.6
Arizona	13.7	14.8	15.8	15.4	15.9	16.1	20.5	17.2	16.6	12.0	16.9	14.3	15.2	-2.6 *
Arkansas	19.6	17.3	17.5	20.0	15.3	14.9	17.2	19.7	14.8	14.7	17.2	14.7	16.4	-2.5 *
California	13.9	15.7	16.4	18.2	17.9	16.7	16.9	16.6	15.4	13.8	16.0	14.6	15.3	-1.4 *
Colorado	13.7	10.4	10.8	9.9	9.0	8.8	10.6	8.2	9.2	8.3	8.7	8.7	8.6	0.0
Connecticut	6.0	8.6	9.8	8.5	10.8	9.7	11.7	8.6	9.5	7.1	9.0	8.3	8.4	-0.7
Delaware	6.9	7.5	7.8	10.2	8.3	10.3	8.6	9.6	10.3	10.4	10.0	10.3	10.1	0.3
Florida	14.4	15.4	15.6	17.8	14.9	16.2	14.2	14.3	13.1	12.4	13.7	12.8	13.3	-0.9
Georgia	15.8	17.2	17.7	13.5	14.0	12.1	14.8	14.5	13.6	12.9	14.0	13.2	13.7	-0.8
Hawaii	11.0	7.7	11.2	8.0	8.7	10.3	12.1	13.9	10.9	10.9	12.4	10.9	11.9	-1.5
Idaho	14.9	13.9	15.2	13.1	12.0	14.5	11.9	14.7	13.0	13.9	13.8	13.5	13.9	-0.3
<b>ILLINOIS</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>12.4</b>	12.4	<b>12.1</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>-0.6</b>
<b>INDIANA</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>13.7</b>	9.6	<b>7.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>-1.1</b>
Iowa	10.4	9.6	11.5	10.3	10.7	12.2	9.6	9.6	9.1	7.5	9.3	8.3	8.7	-1.0
Kansas	10.3	12.3	11.1	13.1	14.9	10.8	11.2	9.7	9.6	12.2	9.6	10.9	10.5	1.3
Kentucky	17.3	18.8	19.7	20.4	18.5	14.7	17.0	15.9	13.5	12.1	14.7	12.8	13.8	-1.9
Louisiana	23.6	19.0	24.5	26.4	25.7	19.7	20.5	16.3	19.1	19.2	17.7	19.1	18.2	1.4
Maine	13.1	14.1	13.5	15.4	9.4	11.2	11.2	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.2	10.5	10.4	0.3
Maryland	9.9	9.1	11.8	9.7	10.7	10.1	10.3	8.4	7.2	7.3	7.8	7.2	7.6	-0.6
Massachusetts	10.7	11.0	10.3	10.7	9.7	11.0	10.1	12.2	8.7	11.7	10.4	10.2	10.9	-0.2
<b>MICHIGAN</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
<b>MINNESOTA</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>11.7</b>	9.2	<b>9.8</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>-1.2</b>
Mississippi	25.7	23.7	24.6	24.7	19.9	23.5	20.6	16.7	17.6	16.1	17.1	16.9	16.8	-0.2
Missouri	13.4	14.8	15.7	16.1	15.6	9.4	9.5	11.8	9.8	11.6	10.8	10.7	11.1	-0.1
Montana	16.3	15.4	13.8	14.9	11.5	15.3	17.0	15.6	16.6	15.6	16.1	16.1	15.9	0.0
Nebraska	10.3	9.5	10.6	10.3	8.8	9.6	10.2	9.8	12.3	10.9	11.1	11.6	11.0	0.5
Nevada	9.8	11.4	14.7	9.8	11.1	11.1	8.1	11.0	10.6	11.3	10.8	10.9	11.0	0.1
New Hampshire	6.3	7.3	8.7	9.9	7.7	5.3	6.4	9.1	9.8	7.7	9.4	8.8	8.9	-0.6
New Jersey	9.2	9.7	10.3	10.9	9.2	7.8	9.2	9.3	8.6	7.8	8.9	8.2	8.5	-0.7
New Mexico	20.9	22.4	21.6	17.4	21.1	25.3	25.5	21.2	20.4	20.7	20.8	20.5	20.8	-0.3
New York	14.3	15.3	15.7	16.4	17.0	16.5	16.7	16.5	16.7	14.1	16.6	15.4	15.7	-1.2 *
North Carolina	13.0	14.5	15.8	14.4	14.2	12.6	12.2	11.4	14.0	13.5	12.7	13.8	13.0	1.1
North Dakota	13.7	14.5	12.1	11.2	10.4	12.0	11.0	13.6	15.1	13.0	14.4	14.1	13.9	-0.3
<b>OHIO</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Oklahoma	15.6	17.0	18.6	19.9	16.7	17.1	16.6	13.7	14.1	12.7	13.9	13.4	13.5	-0.5
Oregon	9.2	13.5	11.4	11.8	11.8	11.2	11.8	11.6	15.0	12.6	13.3	13.8	13.1	0.5
Pennsylvania	11.0	11.0	11.9	13.2	12.5	12.2	11.6	11.2	11.2	9.4	11.2	10.3	10.6	-0.9
Rhode Island	7.5	10.4	12.4	11.2	10.3	10.6	11.0	12.7	11.6	9.9	12.2	10.7	11.4	-1.5
South Carolina	16.2	16.4	19.0	18.7	13.8	19.9	13.0	13.1	13.7	11.7	13.4	12.7	12.8	-0.7
South Dakota	13.3	14.0	15.1	14.2	14.5	14.5	11.8	16.5	10.8	7.7	13.7	9.3	11.7	-4.4 *
Tennessee	16.9	15.5	17.0	19.6	14.6	15.5	15.9	14.3	13.4	11.9	13.9	12.7	13.2	-1.2
Texas	15.9	17.5	18.3	17.4	19.1	17.4	16.6	16.7	15.0	15.0	15.9	15.0	15.6	-0.9
Utah	8.2	12.9	9.4	10.7	8.0	8.4	7.7	8.9	9.0	5.7	8.9	7.3	7.9	-1.6 *
Vermont	10.9	12.6	10.4	10.0	7.6	10.3	12.6	9.3	9.9	9.7	9.6	9.8	9.6	0.2
Virginia	11.1	9.9	9.5	9.7	10.7	10.2	12.3	12.7	8.8	7.9	10.8	8.4	9.8	-2.4 *
Washington	8.9	9.5	11.2	12.1	11.7	12.5	11.9	9.2	8.9	9.5	9.1	9.2	9.2	0.1
Washington, D.C.	21.1	18.6	20.3	26.4	21.2	22.2	24.1	21.8	22.3	14.9	22.0	18.6	19.7	-3.4 *
West Virginia	18.1	17.9	22.3	22.2	18.6	16.7	18.5	16.4	17.8	15.7	17.1	16.8	16.7	-0.3
<b>WISCONSIN</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>9.0</b>	8.5	<b>8.8</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Wyoming	11.0	9.9	10.3	13.3	9.3	11.9	11.9	13.5	10.6	11.6	12.1	11.1	11.9	-1.0

<sup>r</sup> Revised, based on 1990 census population controls.

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Poverty in the United States: 1999," Bureau of the Census, CPS P-60, No. 210 (issued September, 2000).

\* Change is statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

[td]povstate1999.xls(8/31/2001)

POVERTY RATES BY STATE: 1990 to 1999 <sup>1</sup>													
Lowest-to-Highest Three-Year Moving Average Rates: 1997-1999													
											2-Year Averages		3-Year Avg.
	1990	1991	1992 <sup>f</sup>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	97-98	98-99	97-99
United States	13.5%	14.2%	14.8%	15.1%	14.5%	14.4%	13.7%	13.3%	13.3%	11.8%	13.0%	12.3%	12.6%
<i>State</i>													
Maryland	9.9	9.1	11.8	9.7	10.7	10.1	10.3	8.4	7.2	7.3	7.8	7.2	7.6
Utah	8.2	12.9	9.4	10.7	8.0	8.4	7.7	8.9	9.0	5.7	8.9	7.3	7.9
<b>INDIANA</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>8.3</b>
Connecticut	6.0	8.6	9.8	8.5	10.8	9.7	11.7	8.6	9.5	7.1	9.0	8.3	8.4
New Jersey	9.2	9.7	10.3	10.9	9.2	7.8	9.2	9.3	8.6	7.8	8.9	8.2	8.5
<b>WISCONSIN</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>8.5</b>
Alaska	11.4	11.8	10.2	9.1	10.2	7.1	8.2	8.8	9.4	7.6	9.1	8.5	8.6
Colorado	13.7	10.4	10.8	9.9	9.0	8.8	10.6	8.2	9.2	8.3	8.7	8.7	8.6
Iowa	10.4	9.6	11.5	10.3	10.7	12.2	9.6	9.6	9.1	7.5	9.3	8.3	8.7
New Hampshire	6.3	7.3	8.7	9.9	7.7	5.3	6.4	9.1	9.8	7.7	9.4	8.8	8.9
<b>MINNESOTA</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.1</b>
Washington	8.9	9.5	11.2	12.1	11.7	12.5	11.9	9.2	8.9	9.5	9.1	9.2	9.2
Vermont	10.9	12.6	10.4	10.0	7.6	10.3	12.6	9.3	9.9	9.7	9.6	9.8	9.6
Virginia	11.1	9.9	9.5	9.7	10.7	10.2	12.3	12.7	8.8	7.9	10.8	8.4	9.8
Delaware	6.9	7.5	7.8	10.2	8.3	10.3	8.6	9.6	10.3	10.4	10.0	10.3	10.1
<b>MICHIGAN</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>10.3</b>
<b>ILLINOIS</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.4</b>
Maine	13.1	14.1	13.5	15.4	9.4	11.2	11.2	10.1	10.4	10.6	10.2	10.5	10.4
Kansas	10.3	12.3	11.1	13.1	14.9	10.8	11.2	9.7	9.6	12.2	9.6	10.9	10.5
Pennsylvania	11.0	11.0	11.9	13.2	12.5	12.2	11.6	11.2	11.2	9.4	11.2	10.3	10.6
Massachusetts	10.7	11.0	10.3	10.7	9.7	11.0	10.1	12.2	8.7	11.7	10.4	10.2	10.9
Nebraska	10.3	9.5	10.6	10.3	8.8	9.6	10.2	9.8	12.3	10.9	11.1	11.6	11.0
Nevada	9.8	11.4	14.7	9.8	11.1	11.1	8.1	11.0	10.6	11.3	10.8	10.9	11.0
Missouri	13.4	14.8	15.7	16.1	15.6	9.4	9.5	11.8	9.8	11.6	10.8	10.7	11.1
<b>OHIO</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>12.5</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>11.4</b>
Rhode Island	7.5	10.4	12.4	11.2	10.3	10.6	11.0	12.7	11.6	9.9	12.2	10.7	11.4
South Dakota	13.3	14.0	15.1	14.2	14.5	14.5	11.8	16.5	10.8	7.7	13.7	9.3	11.7
Hawaii	11.0	7.7	11.2	8.0	8.7	10.3	12.1	13.9	10.9	10.9	12.4	10.9	11.9
Wyoming	11.0	9.9	10.3	13.3	9.3	11.9	11.9	13.5	10.6	11.6	12.1	11.1	11.9
South Carolina	16.2	16.4	19.0	18.7	13.8	19.9	13.0	13.1	13.7	11.7	13.4	12.7	12.8
North Carolina	13.0	14.5	15.8	14.4	14.2	12.6	12.2	11.4	14.0	13.5	12.7	13.8	13.0
Oregon	9.2	13.5	11.4	11.8	11.8	11.2	11.8	11.6	15.0	12.6	13.3	13.8	13.1
Tennessee	16.9	15.5	17.0	19.6	14.6	15.5	15.9	14.3	13.4	11.9	13.9	12.7	13.2
Florida	14.4	15.4	15.6	17.8	14.9	16.2	14.2	14.3	13.1	12.4	13.7	12.8	13.3
Oklahoma	15.6	17.0	18.6	19.9	16.7	17.1	16.6	13.7	14.1	12.7	13.9	13.4	13.5
Georgia	15.8	17.2	17.7	13.5	14.0	12.1	14.8	14.5	13.6	12.9	14.0	13.2	13.7
Kentucky	17.3	18.8	19.7	20.4	18.5	14.7	17.0	15.9	13.5	12.1	14.7	12.8	13.8
Idaho	14.9	13.9	15.2	13.1	12.0	14.5	11.9	14.7	13.0	13.9	13.8	13.5	13.9
North Dakota	13.7	14.5	12.1	11.2	10.4	12.0	11.0	13.6	15.1	13.0	14.4	14.1	13.9
Alabama	19.2	18.8	17.3	17.4	16.4	20.1	14.0	15.7	14.5	15.1	15.1	14.8	15.1
Arizona	13.7	14.8	15.8	15.4	15.9	16.1	20.5	17.2	16.6	12.0	16.9	14.3	15.2
California	13.9	15.7	16.4	18.2	17.9	16.7	16.9	16.6	15.4	13.8	16.0	14.6	15.3
Texas	15.9	17.5	18.3	17.4	19.1	17.4	16.6	16.7	15.0	15.0	15.9	15.0	15.6
New York	14.3	15.3	15.7	16.4	17.0	16.5	16.7	16.5	16.7	14.1	16.6	15.4	15.7
Montana	16.3	15.4	13.8	14.9	11.5	15.3	17.0	15.6	16.6	15.6	16.1	16.1	15.9
Arkansas	19.6	17.3	17.5	20.0	15.3	14.9	17.2	19.7	14.8	14.7	17.2	14.7	16.4
West Virginia	18.1	17.9	22.3	22.2	18.6	16.7	18.5	16.4	17.8	15.7	17.1	16.8	16.7
Mississippi	25.7	23.7	24.6	24.7	19.9	23.5	20.6	16.7	17.6	16.1	17.1	16.9	16.8
Louisiana	23.6	19.0	24.5	26.4	25.7	19.7	20.5	16.3	19.1	19.2	17.7	19.1	18.2
Washington, D.C.	21.1	18.6	20.3	26.4	21.2	22.2	24.1	21.8	22.3	14.9	22.0	18.6	19.7
New Mexico	20.9	22.4	21.6	17.4	21.1	25.3	25.5	21.2	20.4	20.7	20.8	20.5	20.8

<sup>f</sup> Revised, based on 1990 census population controls.<sup>1</sup> Source: "Poverty in the United States: 1999," Bureau of the Census, CPS P-60, No. 210 (issued September, 2000).

\* Change is statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

&lt;td&gt;povstate2.xls (8/31/2001)

## Key Economic Indicators

### Michigan Counties: SAIPE Estimates of all People and Children in Poverty in 1997 (Number and Percent)

County	TOTAL POPULATION 1997	Poverty Rate All People	Estimated Number of People in Pov.	Child Population < 18 YOA	Poverty Rate < 18 YOA	Estimated Number of Children in Pov.
Michigan	9,785,450	11.5%	1,130,534	2,548,784	18.0%	460,201
Alcona	10,893	13.7%	1,492	2,256	26.5%	598
Alger	9,991	11.8%	1,179	2,384	16.2%	386
Allegan	100,488	8.2%	8,240	29,922	12.1%	3,621
Alpena	30,599	12.9%	3,947	7,932	20.6%	1,634
Antrim	20,972	9.4%	1,971	5,385	16.0%	862
Arenac	16,354	16.6%	2,715	4,317	27.6%	1,191
Baraga	8,444	13.3%	1,123	2,120	19.0%	403
Barry	54,280	8.7%	4,722	14,826	13.4%	1,987
Bay	110,396	12.3%	13,579	28,447	19.7%	5,604
Benzie	14,347	9.4%	1,349	3,401	16.0%	544
Berrien	160,398	14.1%	22,616	42,704	23.0%	9,822
Branch	43,768	12.2%	5,340	11,836	18.7%	2,213
Calhoun	139,463	13.5%	18,828	36,682	21.7%	7,960
Cass	49,819	12.2%	6,078	13,135	19.3%	2,535
Charlevoix	24,099	9.0%	2,169	6,386	13.3%	849
Cheboygan	23,449	12.5%	2,931	5,986	21.2%	1,269
Chippewa	37,742	14.7%	5,548	8,727	20.8%	1,815
Clare	28,975	17.0%	4,926	7,601	28.6%	2,174
Clinton	62,870	5.9%	3,709	17,664	9.3%	1,643
Crawford	13,904	14.6%	2,030	3,605	25.8%	930
Delta	38,912	12.2%	4,747	10,241	18.0%	1,843
Dickinson	27,144	9.2%	2,497	6,978	13.5%	942
Eaton	100,369	7.1%	7,126	27,046	11.4%	3,083
Emmet	28,349	8.8%	2,495	7,465	14.0%	1,045
Genesee	435,312	14.2%	61,814	119,461	23.5%	28,073
Gladwin	24,897	15.4%	3,834	6,429	24.5%	1,575
Gogebic	17,518	15.7%	2,750	3,905	24.8%	968
Grand Traverse	72,873	7.6%	5,538	19,432	11.6%	2,254
Gratiot	39,976	12.0%	4,797	10,693	18.2%	1,946
Hillsdale	46,392	11.1%	5,150	12,864	16.5%	2,123
Houghton	35,744	15.0%	5,362	8,265	19.8%	1,636
Huron	35,298	12.0%	4,236	9,345	17.6%	1,645
Ingham	287,096	13.4%	38,471	69,960	19.3%	13,502
Ionia	66,052	11.1%	7,332	17,419	14.0%	2,439
Iosco	25,572	13.6%	3,478	6,436	21.9%	1,409
Iron	13,007	13.6%	1,769	2,831	19.8%	561
Isabella	57,717	13.9%	8,023	13,497	17.3%	2,335
Jackson	155,498	11.6%	18,038	39,561	17.3%	6,844
Kalamazoo	229,476	10.8%	24,783	55,491	16.2%	8,990
Kalkaska	15,427	12.9%	1,990	4,511	18.7%	844

Source: U.S. Census Bureau: County estimates for People of All Ages and for People Under Age 18 in Poverty in Michigan: 1997. (Small area Income and Poverty Estimates Program. Bureau of the Census). This is the most current year for which county poverty data are available. Population as of 1997.

<td>povco3.xls (8/31/01)

*Key Economic Indicators*

**Michigan Counties: SAIPE Estimates of all People and Children in Poverty in 1997  
(Number and Percent)**

County	TOTAL POPULATION 1997	Poverty Rate All People	Estimated Number of People in Pov.	Child Population < 18 YOA	Poverty Rate < 18 YOA	Estimated Number of Children in Pov.
Kent	541,142	8.7%	47,079	152,416	13.4%	20,424
Keweenaw	2,056	11.3%	232	456	16.5%	75
Lake	10,155	20.3%	2,061	2,592	34.5%	894
Lapeer	86,859	6.9%	5,993	25,167	9.8%	2,466
Leelanau	18,819	8.3%	1,562	4,728	13.0%	615
Lenawee	97,889	9.4%	9,202	27,031	13.7%	3,703
Livingston	141,853	3.8%	5,390	39,689	5.2%	2,064
Luce	6,605	16.4%	1,083	1,599	22.7%	363
Mackinac	11,086	11.8%	1,308	2,777	19.2%	533
Macomb	783,031	5.9%	46,199	181,133	9.4%	17,027
Manistee	23,275	14.5%	3,375	5,393	23.3%	1,257
Marquette	62,231	11.3%	7,032	15,783	14.5%	2,289
Mason	27,774	13.2%	3,666	7,215	21.3%	1,537
Mecosta	39,394	15.4%	6,067	9,296	23.3%	2,166
Menominee	24,456	11.1%	2,715	6,357	16.0%	1,017
Midland	81,198	9.0%	7,308	21,477	13.0%	2,792
Missaukee	13,633	13.9%	1,895	4,017	21.0%	844
Monroe	142,110	7.6%	10,800	39,890	11.2%	4,468
Montcalm	59,686	13.3%	7,938	16,902	18.4%	3,110
Montmorency	9,976	15.1%	1,506	2,321	26.9%	624
Muskegon	165,916	14.4%	23,892	45,993	21.9%	10,072
Newaygo	45,026	12.6%	5,673	13,284	19.2%	2,551
Oakland	1,170,051	6.0%	70,203	283,435	9.6%	27,210
Oceana	24,659	16.8%	4,143	7,233	25.2%	1,823
Ogemaw	20,945	17.4%	3,644	5,470	26.8%	1,466
Ontonagon	8,096	13.6%	1,101	1,873	22.4%	420
Osceola	22,025	15.5%	3,414	6,475	23.1%	1,496
Oscoda	8,838	17.1%	1,511	2,082	27.8%	579
Otsego	21,768	8.6%	1,872	6,154	13.0%	800
Ottawa	220,535	4.9%	10,806	63,835	6.3%	4,022
Presque Isle	14,362	12.1%	1,738	3,494	18.8%	657
Roscommon	23,208	16.6%	3,853	4,857	31.1%	1,511
Saginaw	210,753	15.3%	32,245	57,911	24.6%	14,246
St. Clair	157,494	8.9%	14,017	43,188	13.3%	5,744
St. Joseph	61,105	11.1%	6,783	17,368	16.6%	2,883
Sanilac	42,717	12.2%	5,211	12,036	18.7%	2,251
Schoolcraft	8,698	15.6%	1,357	2,119	25.0%	530
Shiawassee	72,318	10.1%	7,304	20,251	14.3%	2,896
Tuscola	57,955	11.0%	6,375	16,266	16.0%	2,603
Van Buren	75,346	14.9%	11,227	21,782	22.2%	4,836
Washtenaw	299,288	8.7%	26,038	64,368	12.0%	7,724
Wayne	2,128,113	18.0%	383,060	567,678	28.5%	161,788
Wexford	29,126	13.5%	3,932	8,247	21.0%	1,732

Source: U.S. Census Bureau: County estimates for People of All Ages and for People Under Age 18 in Poverty in Michigan: 1997. (Small area Income and Poverty Estimates Program. Bureau of the Census). This is the most current year for which county poverty data are available. Population as of 1997.

**PERCENT OF POPULATION AT VARIOUS POVERTY LEVELS -  
BASED ON POVERTY THRESHOLDS: 1999  
U.S. AND MICHIGAN**

<b>1999</b>	<b>United States*</b>	<b>Michigan</b> (Estimated Percent)**	<b>Michigan</b> (Estimated Number of People)**
100%	11.8%	9.7%	952,580
125%	16.2%	13.3%	1,309,597
133%	N/A	14.5%	1,434,034
150%	21.0%	17.2%	1,698,461
175%	25.6%	21.1%	2,076,797
200%	30.1%	24.7%	2,440,677

\* Data Source: *Poverty in the United States: 1999* , Bureau of the Census (9/00).

\*\* Data Source: *Michigan Poverty Profile* (11/00). The Michigan Poverty Profile is an annual product developed by the Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation Division of the Michigan Family Independence Agency. The Michigan data are estimates based on United States and Michigan poverty rates in 1999. The FIA *Michigan Poverty Profile* is available at:  
<http://www.mfia.state.mi.us/Reports/povertyprofile.pdf>

# PERCENT OF PERSONS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL IN THE UNITED STATES (Demographic Profile) 1989 - 1999

	1989	1990	1991	1992 <sup>r</sup>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
All Persons	12.8	13.5	14.2	14.8	15.1	14.5	13.8	13.7	13.3	12.7	11.8
White	10.0	10.7	11.3	11.9	12.2	11.7	11.2	11.2	11.0	10.5	9.8
Black	30.7	31.9	32.7	33.4	33.1	30.6	29.3	28.4	26.5	26.1	23.6
Hispanic Origin	26.2	28.1	28.7	29.6	30.6	30.7	30.3	29.4	27.1	25.6	22.8
Children (under 18)	19.0	19.9	22.4	22.3	22.7	21.8	20.8	20.5	19.9	18.9	16.9
65 Years or Over	11.4	12.2	12.4	12.9	12.2	11.7	10.5	10.8	10.5	10.5	9.7
Midwest	11.9	12.4	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.0	11.0	10.7	10.4	10.3	9.8

<sup>r</sup> Revised, based on 1990 census population controls.

Key Economic Indicators

**TOTAL ANNUAL FIP GRANTS BY FAMILY SIZE**  
**(With and Without Food Stamps) AS A PERCENT OF U.S. POVERTY THRESHOLDS**  
**1999 - 2001**

**1999**

Family Size	Poverty Threshold	Total Annual <sup>1</sup> FIP	FIP Grant As Percent of Poverty	Total Annual FIP and FS	FIP and FIP as Percent of Poverty
1	\$8,501	\$3,312	39.0%	\$4,812	56.6%
2	\$10,869	\$4,452	41.0%	\$7,212	66.4%
3	\$13,290	\$5,508	41.4%	\$9,276	69.8%
4	\$17,029	\$6,756	39.7%	\$11,220	65.9%
5	\$20,127	\$7,908	39.3%	\$12,972	64.5%
6	\$22,727	\$9,504	41.8%	\$15,288	67.3%
7	\$25,912	\$10,416	40.2%	\$16,668	64.3%

**2000**

Family Size	Poverty Threshold*	Total Annual <sup>1</sup> FIP	FIP Grant As Percent of Poverty	Total Annual FIP and FS	FIP and FIP as Percent of Poverty
1	\$8,787	\$3,312	37.7%	\$4,836	55.0%
2	\$11,234	\$4,452	39.6%	\$7,260	64.6%
3	\$13,737	\$5,508	40.1%	\$9,348	68.0%
4	\$17,601	\$6,756	38.4%	\$11,304	64.2%
5	\$20,804	\$7,908	38.0%	\$13,080	62.9%
6	\$23,491	\$9,504	40.5%	\$15,408	65.6%
7	\$26,783	\$10,416	38.9%	\$16,812	62.8%

**2001**

Family Size	Poverty Threshold*	Total Annual <sup>1</sup> FIP	FIP Grant As Percent of Poverty	Total Annual FIP and FS	FIP and FIP as Percent of Poverty
1	\$9,033	\$3,312	36.7%	\$4,872	53.9%
2	\$11,549	\$4,452	38.5%	\$7,308	63.3%
3	\$14,122	\$5,508	39.0%	\$9,492	67.2%
4	\$18,094	\$6,756	37.3%	\$11,628	64.3%
5	\$21,387	\$7,908	37.0%	\$13,404	62.7%
6	\$24,149	\$9,504	39.4%	\$15,756	65.2%
7	\$27,533	\$10,416	37.8%	\$17,052	61.9%

**2001 - Expected to Work**

Family Size	Estimated Poverty Threshold*	Total Annual <sup>1</sup> FIP	FIP Grant As Percent of Poverty	Total Annual FIP and FS	FIP and FIP As Percent of Poverty
3	\$14,122	\$5,508	39.0%	\$9,492	67.2%

**2001 - Not Expected to Work: Deferred**

Family Size	Estimated Poverty Threshold*	Total Annual <sup>1</sup> FIP	FIP Grant As Percent of Poverty	Total Annual FIP and FS	FIP and FIP As Percent of Poverty
3	\$14,122	\$5,724	40.5%	\$9,792	69.3%

\* The 2000 poverty thresholds are preliminary. The 2001 poverty thresholds are Policy Analysis and Program evaluation estimates.

<sup>1</sup> Additive total of the actual monthly grant for each month of FY 1999 (Shelter Area IV, Wayne County).

<sup>2</sup> Additive total of the actual monthly grant for each month of FY 2000 (Shelter Area IV, Wayne County).

<sup>3</sup> Additive total of the actual monthly grant for each month of FY 2001 (Shelter Area IV, Wayne County).

[td]anqrants2.xls (9/10/01)

**ANNUAL STATE DISABILITY PROGRAM GRANT  
(WITH AND WITHOUT ANNUAL FOOD STAMPS)  
AS A PERCENT OF U.S. POVERTY THRESHOLDS (1992 - 2001)**

Year	Poverty Threshold*	Total Annual SDA (1992-2001)	SDA Grant as Percent of Poverty	Total Annual SDA/FS*	SDA and FS as Percent of Poverty
1992	\$7,143	\$2,952	41.3%	\$4,284	60.0%
1993	\$7,363	\$2,952	40.1%	\$4,284	58.2%
1994	\$7,547	\$2,952	39.1%	\$4,296	56.9%
1995	\$7,763	\$2,952	38.0%	\$4,332	55.8%
1996	\$7,995	\$2,952	36.9%	\$4,380	54.8%
1997	\$8,183	\$2,952	36.1%	\$4,392	53.7%
1998	\$8,316	\$2,952	35.5%	\$4,416	53.1%
1999	\$8,501	\$2,952	34.7%	\$4,452	52.4%
2000	\$8,787	\$2,952	33.6%	\$4,476	50.9%
2001	\$9,033	\$3,168	35.1%	\$4,728	52.3%

\* The Poverty threshold for 2000 is preliminary and the 2001 threshold is an estimate prepared by the Policy Analysis and Program Evaluation Division.

**ANNUAL SSI GRANT (WITH AND WITHOUT ANNUAL FOOD STAMPS)  
AS A PERCENT OF U.S. POVERTY THRESHOLDS: 1999, 2000 and 2001**

**1999**

Living Arrangements	1999 Poverty Threshold	Total Annual SSI	SSI Grant as Percent of Poverty	Total Annual SSI and FS	SSI and FS as Percent of Poverty
Independent Living	\$8,501	\$6,150	72.3%	\$7,650	90.0%
Household of Another	\$8,501	\$4,072	47.9%	\$5,572	65.5%

**2000**

Living Arrangements	Preliminary 2000 Poverty Threshold	Total Annual SSI	SSI Grant as Percent of Poverty	Total Annual SSI and FS	SSI and FS as Percent of Poverty
Independent Living	\$8,787	\$6,276	71.4%	\$7,800	88.8%
Household of Another	\$8,787	\$4,184	47.6%	\$5,708	65.0%

**2001**

Living Arrangements	Projected 2001 Poverty Threshold	Total Annual SSI	SSI Grant as Percent of Poverty	Total Annual SSI and FS	SSI and FS as Percent of Poverty
Independent Living	\$9,033	\$6,528	72.3%	\$8,088	89.5%
Household of Another	\$9,033	\$4,352	48.2%	\$5,912	65.4%



**MINIMUM WAGE AS A PERCENT OF THE POVERTY THRESHOLD**  
**(Family Size One, Two, and Three)**  
**(1999 - 2001)**

**1999**

Family Size	Per Hour	Annual Minimum Wage	Poverty Thresholds 1999	Annual Wage as Percent of Poverty in 1999
1	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$8,501	126.0%
2	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$10,869	98.6%
3	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$13,290	80.6%

**2000**

Family Size	Per Hour	Annual Minimum Wage	Preliminary Poverty Thresholds 2000	Annual Wage as Percent of Poverty in 2000
1	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$8,787	121.9%
2	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$11,234	95.4%
3	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$13,737	78.0%

**2001**

Family Size	Per Hour	Annual Minimum Wage	Projected Poverty Thresholds 2001	Annual Wage as Percent of Poverty in 2001
1	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$9,033	118.6%
2	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$11,549	92.8%
3	\$5.15	\$10,712	\$14,122	75.9%

*Note: Prior to October 1, 1996, the federal minimum wage was \$4.25. As of October 1, 1996 the federal minimum wage increased to \$4.75. As of September 1, 1997, the federal minimum wage increased to \$5.15.*

*Key Economic Indicators*

**Health Insurance Statistics - Low Income Uninsured Children by State\***

Number and Percent of Children Under 19 Years-of-Age At or Below 200 Percent of Poverty,  
Without Health Insurance, by State  
Three-year Averages for 1997, 1998, and 1999 (Lowest-to-Highest)

State	At or Below 200% of Poverty	At or Below 200% of Poverty Without Health Insurance
1 Vermont	34.5%	2.8%
2 New Hampshire	28.0%	3.1%
3 Washington	30.1%	4.2%
4 Massachusetts	33.8%	4.4%
5 Minnesota	28.1%	4.4%
6 Wisconsin	29.7%	4.4%
7 Pennsylvania	35.7%	4.5%
8 Nebraska	35.4%	4.6%
9 Rhode Island	33.3%	4.8%
10 Tennessee	43.8%	4.9%
11 Hawaii	37.8%	5.0%
12 Missouri	35.9%	5.2%
13 Iowa	35.1%	5.4%
<b>14 MICHIGAN</b>	<b>33.8%</b>	<b>5.5%</b>
15 Ohio	37.2%	5.8%
16 Connecticut	25.5%	5.9%
17 South Dakota	35.4%	6.1%
18 New Jersey	29.2%	6.2%
19 Maine	36.3%	6.3%
20 Utah	34.9%	6.6%
21 Kansas	34.0%	7.0%
22 Maryland	23.6%	7.1%
23 Indiana	30.3%	7.5%
24 Virginia	30.2%	7.6%
25 Colorado	29.0%	7.8%
26 Illinois	34.3%	8.1%
27 West Virginia	51.6%	8.1%
28 Alaska	29.4%	8.3%
29 Oregon	41.4%	8.5%
30 Wyoming	42.2%	8.7%
31 Delaware	36.0%	8.9%
32 New York	43.5%	9.0%
33 Alabama	44.6%	9.6%
34 Kentucky	40.0%	9.8%
35 North Carolina	41.3%	10.2%
36 North Dakota	43.9%	10.6%
37 Oklahoma	40.3%	10.6%
38 Georgia	46.9%	10.7%
39 District of Columbia	56.6%	11.1%
40 Florida	43.6%	12.2%
41 South Carolina	42.1%	12.3%
42 California	46.4%	12.8%
43 Montana	46.8%	12.8%
44 Idaho	45.9%	13.5%
45 Mississippi	49.4%	14.1%
46 Nevada	37.1%	14.1%
47 Arkansas	50.5%	14.7%
48 Louisiana	50.7%	15.5%
49 New Mexico	56.4%	15.9%
50 Texas	48.0%	17.4%
51 Arizona	51.1%	19.0%

\* Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, March 1998, March 1999 and March 2000 Current Population Surveys.

**SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS**  
**Persons Without Health Insurance for the Entire Year**  
**By Selected Characteristics: 1999**  
*Percent Distribution*

AGE, RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	TOTAL	COVERED BY SOME FORM OF HEALTH INSURANCE ALL OR PART OF THE YEAR	NOT COVERED
		TOTAL	
All Income Levels			
Total	100%	84.5%	15.5%
Under 18 Years	100%	86.1%	13.9%
Male	100%	83.5%	16.5%
Female	100%	85.4%	14.6%
White	100%	85.8%	14.2%
Black	100%	78.8%	21.2%
Hispanic*	100%	66.6%	33.4%
Income Below Poverty Level			
Total	100%	67.6%	32.4%
Under 18 Years	100%	76.7%	23.3%
Male	100%	65.0%	35.0%
Female	100%	69.6%	30.4%
White	100%	66.8%	33.2%
Black	100%	71.9%	28.1%
Hispanic*	100%	56.3%	43.7%

<sup>1</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Series P60-211, September 2000.

\* Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

**UNITED STATES, MICHIGAN AND DETROIT  
POPULATION ESTIMATES\*  
(U.S. Census Bureau)**

Year	United States	Michigan	Detroit
1980	226,546,000	9,262,044	1,203,000
1981	230,138,000	9,209,000	N/A
1982	232,530,000	9,115,000	1,139,000
1983	234,799,000	9,048,000	N/A
1984	237,001,000	9,049,000	1,131,000
1985	239,279,000	9,076,000	N/A
1986	241,096,000	9,128,000	1,086,000
1987	243,419,000	9,187,000	N/A
1988	245,785,000	9,218,000	1,036,000
1989	248,763,000	9,253,000	N/A
1990	248,765,000	9,295,297 <i>(Census Count)</i>	1,028,000
1990	248,710,000	9,310,000 <i>(July 1, 1990 Estimate)</i>	--
1991	252,127,000	9,395,000	N/A
1992	255,995,000	9,470,000	1,016,781
1993	257,746,000	9,529,000	N/A
1994	260,289,000	9,584,000	1,009,703
1995	262,765,000	9,660,000	N/A
1996	265,190,000	9,739,000	997,107
1997	267,744,000	9,785,000	N/A
1998	270,299,000	9,820,000	970,196
1999	272,402,000	9,864,000	N/A
2000 **	281,422,000	9,938,000	951,270

\* Population Estimates Program, U.S. Census Bureau (March 9, 2000).

\*\* 2000 Census figures.

[td]popsum.xls (9/10/01)